

## **Oskarshamn site investigation**

### **Boremap mapping of core drilled borehole KLX03**

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November 2005

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*Keywords:* KLX03, Geology, Drill core mapping, Boremap, Fractures, Laxemar, Simpevarp, BIPS.

This report concerns a study which was conducted for SKB. The conclusions and viewpoints presented in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily coincide with those of the client.

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## Abstract

Borehole KLX03 is a deep (c 1,000 m) cored borehole, drilled within the site investigation program in the Oskarshamn site investigation area. This telescopic borehole was drilled 2004. No B-hole was drilled, therefore drill core does not exist for the interval 0–100 m. Only drill cuttings are available for this interval.

The principal aim of the mapping activities presented in this report was to obtain a detailed documentation in Boremap of geological structures and lithologies intersected by the borehole KLX03. Geological structures were correctly orientated in space along the borehole. The results will serve as a platform for forthcoming investigations of the drill core, as well as various site descriptive modelling.

The drill core was displayed in its entire length on inclined roller tables and mapped with the Boremap system, in order to get good overview and working situation. Depth registered in the BIPS-image deviates from the true depth in the borehole. This problem was eliminated by adjusting the depth according to reference slots, visible in the BIPS-image, cut into the borehole wall every fiftieth meter (Appendix 8). The mapping was performed on-line on the SKB network, in order to obtain the best possible data security, and quality checked by a standard routine in Boremap before it was exported to the SICADA database.

Geological parameters mapped in Boremap are presented in a Geological Summary table (Appendix 1). This is an easy to read overview of the geological parameters which facilitates comparison between Boremap information collected from different boreholes.

Drill core KLX03 was subdivided into five sections according to interpretation of the Geological Summary table (Appendix 1). Section I (100–450 m) and section II (450–620 m) are made up almost exclusively by Ävrö granite (501044) and sections III (620–730 m), IV (730–800 m) and V (800–1,000 m) by quartz monzodiorite (501036).

Especially section II is very homogeneous and almost lacks structures, alteration and open as well as sealed fractures. Section IV is the most anomalous section in KLX03. It is heterogeneous and made up of 1 to 20 m thick bands of varying lithologies. It is also rich in structures as well as open and sealed fractures and shows the most continuous and strongest oxidation of all sections in KLX03. Section IV can be classified as a deformation zone as shown by richness in structures and fractures and the occurrence of two intervals with strong ductile deformation. The upper interval, 732.45–733.15 m, is accompanied by strong clay alteration in several cm-dm scale bands and the lower interval, 795.10–795.45 m, contain quartz schlieren.

# Sammanfattning

Borrhål KLX03 är ett djupt (ca 1 000 m) kärnborrhål, vilket borrats inom ramen för platsundersökningarna i Oskarshamnsområdet. Hålet borrhades under 2004. Inget B-hål borrhades, så borrkärna saknas för intervallet 0–100 m. Endast borrkax finns i detta intervall.

Huvudsyftet med de karteringsaktiviteter som presenteras i denna rapport var att göra en detaljerad dokumentation i Boremap av de geologiska strukturer och litologier som skärs av borrhål KLX03. Boremapsystemet möjliggör absolut orientering av geologiska strukturer utefter borrhålet. Karterade data kommer att ligga till grund för framtida tolkningar av bergets egenskaper i Laxemarområdet ner till 1 000 m djup.

Borkärnan lades upp på lutande bord och karterades med Boremap-systemet. Djup som registreras i BIPS-bilden avviker från det sanna djupvärdet i borrhålet. Dessa avvikelselemineras genom att djupen justeras i förhållande till, i BIPS-bilden synliga referensmärken, vilka slipats in i borrhålväggen för var 50:e meter (Appendix 8). För att få största möjliga datasäkerhet skedde karteringen on-line på SKB:s nätverk. Den karterade informationen kvalitetssäkrades genom en standardrutin i Boremap innan den exporterades till databasen SICADA.

Geologiska parametrar presenteras i en Geological Summary table (Appendix 1). Denna tabell är en lättläst översikt över de Boremap-karterade geologiska parametrarna vilket underlättar jämförelse mellan Boremap-information som samlats in från olika borrhål.

Borrhål KLX03 har delats in i fem sektioner enligt tolkningen av Geological Summary table (Appendix 1). Sektion I (100–450 m) och II (450–620 m) består av Ävrögranit (501044). De övriga sektionerna (III 620–730 m, IV 730–800 m och V 800–1 000 m) utgörs av kvartsmonzodiorit (501036).

Sektion II är väldigt homogen och saknar nästan helt strukturer, omvandlingar och även sprickor, såväl öppna som läktta, är lågfrekventa. Sektion IV är den mer anomala delen av KLX03. Litologin är heterogen och utgörs av 1–20 m breda intervall med varierande bergarter. Denna sektion skiljer sig från de övriga, då den är rik på strukturer och rik på både läktta och öppna sprickor. Oxidationen i denna sektion är den mest uthålliga och har den starkaste intensiteten i KLX03. Sektion IV kan klassas som en deformationszon, vilket visar sig i att den uppvisar många strukturer och sprickor. Två kortare intervall i denna sektion uppvisat stark plastisk deformation. Det övre intervallet som är 60 cm, från (732,45 m), har blivit utsatt för stark leromvandling i flera centimeter till decimeter breda band. Det lägre intervallet 30 cm brett (795,10 m), innehåller kvartsliror.

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# 1 Introduction

This document reports the data gained by Boremap mapping of the borehole within the Laxemar investigation area, which is one of the activities performed within the site investigations at Oskarshamn. The work was carried out in accordance with activity plan AP PS 400-04-103. In Table 1-1 controlling documents for performing this activity are listed. Both activity plan and method descriptions are SKB's internal controlling documents.

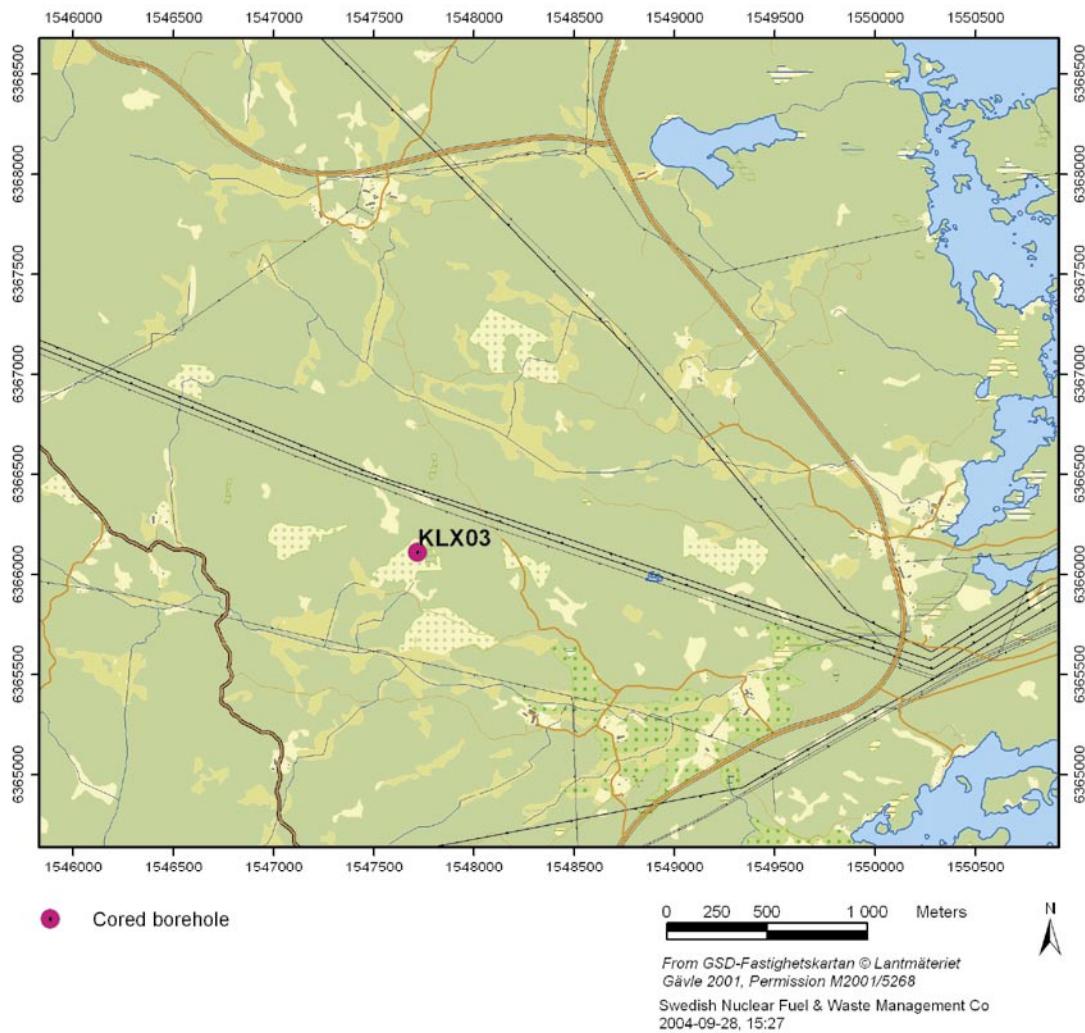
Since 2002, SKB investigates two potential sites for a deep deposition of nuclear waste in the Swedish Precambrian basement, at approximately 500 m depth. These places are Forsmark in northern Uppland and Oskarshamn in eastern Småland. In order to make a preliminary evaluation of the rock mass down to a depth of about 1 km at these sites, SKB has initiated a drilling program using core drilled boreholes.

The borehole KLX03 was drilled in 2004 and the borehole is situated within the Laxemar area (Figure 1-1). KLX03 is telescopic, which means that the uppermost 100 m were drilled by percussion drilling followed by core drilling (100–1,000 m). Therefore no drill core exists for the uppermost 100 m.

Detailed mapping of the drill cores is essential for a three dimensional understanding of the geology at depth. The mapping is based on the use of so called BIPS-images of the borehole wall and by the study of the drill core itself. The BIPS-images enable the study of orientations, since the Boremap software calculates strike and dip of planar structures such as foliations, rock contacts and fractures. Also the fracture apertures in the rock can be estimated.

**Table 1-1. Controlling documents for the performance of the activity.**

<b>Activity plan</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Version</b>
Boremapkartering av kärnborrhål KLX03	AP PS 400-04-103	1.0
<b>Method descriptions</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Version</b>
Nomenklatur vid Boremapkartering	PM internal document	2004-02-05
Method Description for Boremap mapping	SKB MD 143.006	1.0



**Figure 1-1.** Location of the core drilled borehole KLX03.

## **2     Objective and scope**

The principal aim of the mapping activities presented in this report is to obtain a detailed documentation of geological structures and lithologies intersected by the borehole KLX03. Geological structures will be correctly orientated in space along the borehole. The results will serve as a platform for forthcoming investigations of the drill core, as well as various site descriptive modelling.

## **3 Equipment**

### **3.1 Description of software**

The mapping was performed in Boremap v. 3.4.3.1, with bedrock and mineral standards of SKB. The final data presentation was made using StereoNet, WellCad v. 3.2, and BIPS Image Print.

Boremap is the software that unite orthodox core mapping with modern video mapping. The software deals with the mapping data as well as the internal communication between programs. Boremap shows the video image from BIPS (Borehole Image Processing System) and extracts the geometrical parameters: length, width, strike and dip from the image.

### **3.2 Other equipment**

The following equipment was used to facilitate the core mapping: folding rule and pen, hydrochloric acid, knife, water-filled atomizer and hand lens.

### **3.3 BIPS-image video film sequences**

The BIPS video film of KLX03 covers the interval 101.48–998.10 m and the drill core the interval 101.43–1,000.12 m.

### **3.4 BIPS-image video film quality**

The main reasons why thinner fractures are visible or not in the BIPS-image are image resolution, image contrast and image quality.

#### **3.4.1 BIPS-image resolution**

The BIPS-image resolution is perhaps the principal reason why very thin fractures as well as very thin apertures are not visible in the BIPS-image. The theoretical resolution depends on the BIPS video camera pixel size and illumination angle. In this case one pixel represents 0.66 mm × 1 mm (width × length).

#### **3.4.2 BIPS-image contrast**

Thick fractures are always visible in both drill core and the BIPS-image. However, the visibility of thin fractures depends strongly on the colour contrast between the fracture and the wall rock.

A light fracture in a dark rock is clearly visible in the BIPS-image. A light fracture in a light rock might, however, be clearly visible in the drill core but not visible in the BIPS-image, especially if the fracture and wall rock have the same colour. The opposite is true for dark fractures.

In the rare case when the BIPS-image contrast between a very thin fracture and the wall rock is very strong the fracture might be visible in the BIPS-image even if it is not visible in the drill core. Such fractures were given the mineral code X9 in first mineral fill.

### 3.4.3 BIPS-image quality

The BIPS-image quality is sometimes limited by disturbances such as:

- 1) blackish coatings probably related to the drilling equipment,
- 2) vertical bleached bands from the clayey mixture of drill cuttings and water,
- 3) light and dark bands at right angle to the drill hole related to the automatic aperture of the video camera,
- 4) vertical enlargements of pixels due to stick-slip movement of the camera probe.

Problems related to the video camera aperture and the enlargement of pixels are can be neglected in KLX03.

The main disturbances for the BIPS-image quality in KLX03 are vertical bleached bands but also blackish coatings.

The image quality is classified into four classes; good, acceptable, bad and very bad. With good quality means a more or less clear image, easy to interpret. With acceptable quality means that the image is not really good, but that the mapping can be performed without problems. An image with bad quality is somewhat difficult to interpret and an image with very bad quality cannot be interpreted and only very obvious and outstanding features can be mapped. It should be remembered that even if only 10–20% of the image is visible this is often enough for an acceptable interpretation. When the BIPS-image quality is so bad that fractures and structures can not be identified in the BIPS-image, they can still be oriented using the *guide-line method* (chapter 4.3.3). Better cleaning of the borehole could increase the mapping quality drastically.

The BIPS-image quality in KLX03 is presented in Table 3-1.

**Table 3-1. BIPS-image quality.**

Sec Up (m)	Sec Low (m)	Interval (m)	Quality
101	110	9	Bad-Very bad
110	145	35	Good-Acceptable
145	185	40	Bad-Very bad
185	220	35	Good-Acceptable
220	290	70	Good
290	389	99	Good-Acceptable
389	440	51	Acceptable
440	495	55	Good-Acceptable
495	535	40	Bad-Very bad
535	665	130	Acceptable
665	705	40	Good
705	760	55	Good-Acceptable
760	795	35	Acceptable
795	898	103	Good-Acceptable
898	909	11	Bad-Very bad
909	964	55	Acceptable
964	998	34	Bad-Very bad

## **4 Execution**

### **4.1 General**

The Boremap-mapping of the telescopic drilled borehole KLX03 was performed and documented according to activity plan AP PS 400-04-103 (SKB, internal document) referring to the Method Description for Boremap mapping (SKB MD 143.006, v.1.0, SKB, internal controlling document).

The first 100 m of KLX03 was drilled using percussion drilling technique and therefore no drill core was received. The core therefore covers the interval 101.43–1,000.12 m.

The whole drill core was displayed on inclined roller tables in its entire length and mapped with the Boremap-system at Simpevarp core mapping facility. The core mapping was carried out without detailed geological knowledge of the area but with access to rock samples and geophysical logs.

The mapping was performed by Jan Ehrenborg (Mírab) and Peter Dahlín (GEOSIGMA).

### **4.2 Preparations**

Any depth registered in the BIPS-image deviates from the true depth in the borehole, a deviation which increases with depth. This problem was eliminated by adjusting the depth according to reference slots cut into the borehole every fiftieth meter (Appendix 8). The level for each slot was measured in the BIPS-images and then adjusted to the correct level using the correct depth value from the SICADA database.

The observations were oriented in true space. Data necessary for this adjustment were borehole diameter and borehole orientation; both collected from SICADA database (Appendices 6 and 7).

### **4.3 Execution of measurements**

Concepts used during the mapping of the core, are defined in this chapter.

#### **4.3.1 Fracture definitions**

Definition of different fracture types, also crush and sealed fracture network, are found in a PM “Nomenklatur vid Boremapkartering” (internal SKB document). Apertures for broken fractures have been mapped in accordance with the definitions in this PM.

In the mapping phase, fractures that have parted the core are mapped as BROKEN and fractures that have not parted the core are mapped as UNBROKEN. All fractures are described with their fracture minerals and other characteristics, such as width and aperture. Visible apertures are measured down to 1 mm in the BIPS-image. Smaller apertures, which are impossible to measure in the BIPS-image, are denoted a value of 0.5 mm. Core pieces with bad fit were characterized as “probable aperture” and fractures with a dull or altered surface as “possible aperture”.

All fractures that have apertures  $> 0$  mm, are in SICADA database interpreted as OPEN. Only few BROKEN fractures are given the aperture 0 mm. Usually UNBROKEN fractures have apertures = 0 mm, but if UNBROKEN fractures possess apertures  $> 0$  mm, they are interpreted as “partly open” and included in the OPEN-category. OPEN and SEALED fractures are finally frequency calculated and shown in (Appendices 1 and 5).

#### **4.3.2 Fracture alteration and joint alteration number**

The joint alteration number is principally related to the thickness of, and the clay content in, a fracture. Thicker fractures rich in clay minerals therefore get joint alteration numbers 2–3. The majority of fractures in KLX03, however, are very thin to extremely thin and seldom contain clay minerals and therefore receive a joint alteration numbers between 1 and 2.

A subdivision of fractures with joint alteration numbers between 1 and 2 was introduced to facilitate both the evaluation process for fracture alterations and the possibility to compare the alterations between different fractures in the boreholes. The subdivision is based on fracture mineralogy and was as follows:

- a) fracture wall alterations,
- b) fracture mineral fillings assumed to have been deposited from circulating water-rich solutions,
- c) fracture mineral fillings most likely resulting from altered wall rock material.

##### ***Joint alteration number equal to 1***

Fractures with or without wall rock alteration, e.g. oxidation or epidotization, and without mineral fillings were considered as fresh. The joint alteration number is thus set to 1.

The minerals calcite, quartz, fluorite, sulphides, and zeolites such as laumontite are regarded as deposited by circulating water-rich solutions in broken fractures and not as true fracture alteration minerals. The joint alteration number is thus set to 1 also for these minerals.

##### ***Joint alteration number equal to 1.5***

Other minerals as epidote, prehnite, hematite, chlorite and/or clay minerals are regarded as fracture minerals most likely resulting from altered wall rock material. A weak alteration is thus assumed and the joint alteration number was set to 1.5. Extra considerations have been given to clay minerals, since the occurrence of these minerals often resulted in a higher joint alteration number.

##### ***Joint alteration numbers higher than 1.5***

When the mineral fillings is thicker and contain a few mm thick bands of clay minerals, often together with minerals like epidote and chlorite, the joint alteration number is set to 2. In rare cases, when a fracture contains 5–10 mm thick clayey bands, together with epidote and chlorite, the joint alteration number is set to 3.

When the alteration of a fracture is too thick (and/or intense) to give the fracture the joint alteration number 1.5 and too thin and/or weak to give it a 2, 1.7 and 1.8 were used.

### **4.3.3 Mapping of fractures not visible in the BIPS-image**

Not all fractures are visible in the BIPS-images, and these fractures are orientated by using the *guide-line method*, based on the following data:

- Absolute depth.
- Amplitude (along core). The interval along a drill core which is cut by a fracture, i.e. from upper to lower extremes of a fracture along the drill core.
- The relation between the orientations of the fracture trace, measured on the drill core and a well defined structure visible in the BIPS-image.

The error of orientating fractures using the *guide-line method* is not known but experience and an estimation using stereographic plots indicated that the error is most likely insignificant. Anyhow, the *guide-line method* is so far considered better than only marking fractures that are non-visible in the BIPS-images as planes perpendicular to the borehole. The fractures in question are mapped as “non-visible in BIPS” and can therefore be separated from fractures visible in BIPS which probably have a more accurate orientation.

When using the *guide-line method* the difference between the 50 mm drill core diameter and the 76 mm borehole diameter must be considered. This difference result in displacements of the structures seen in the drill core compared with the structures seen in the BIPS-image which represents the borehole walls. This displacement is zero for structures that cut the drill core at right angle and successively becomes larger as the orientation of the structure approximates the direction of the drill core axis. This displacement always has to be corrected for, since displacements of a few cm are common even if they seldom reach 10 cm.

Orientation of fractures and other structures with the *guide-line method* is done in the following way: The first step in the guide-line method is to correct the amplitude of the fracture trace in the BIPS-image to the higher amplitude value. The second step is the correction of strike and dip. This is done by rotating the fracture trace in the BIPS-image relative to a feature with known orientation. The fracture is then located at the correct depth according to the depth measured on the drill core.

The *guide-line method* can be used to orientate any fracture/structure that is not visible or visible in the BIPS-image. It is also a valuable tool to control that the personnel working with the drill core is observing the same fracture/structure as the personnel delineating the fracture trace in the BIPS-image, especially in intervals rich in fractures.

### **4.3.4 Definition of veins and dikes**

Veins and dykes are differentiated by their respectively width. Veins are set to 0–20 cm wide and dykes are set to 20–100 cm wide. Since the maximum width of *rock occurrence* is 100 cm wider dykes are mapped under *rock type*.

### **4.3.5 Mineral codes**

In the case where properties and/or minerals are not represented in the mineral list, following mineral codes have been used:

- X1 gypsum.
- X2 apophyllite.
- X5 whitish, bleached feldspar.

X6 the drill core is broken at right angle to the drill core and the broken surfaces have a polished appearance. This is believed to indicate that a sealed fracture broke up during drilling and where the two drill core parts have rotated against each other wearing away the mineral fill.

X7 broken fracture with a fresh appearance and no mineral fill.

X8 fractures with epidotized walls.

X9 sealed fractures visible in the BIPS-image but not in the drill core.

## 4.4 Data handling

The mapping is performed on-line on the SKB network, in order to obtain the best possible data security. Before every break ( $> 15$  minutes) a back-up is saved on the local disk.

The mapping is quality checked by a routine in Boremap before it is exported to and archived in SICADA database. Personnel from SKB also perform spot test controls and regular quality revisions.

All primary data is stored in SKB's database SICADA. Only these data are to be used for further interpretation and modelling.

## 4.5 Geological Summary table, general description

The Geological Summary table (Appendix 1) is an overview of the geological parameters mapped with the Boremap system. It also facilitates comparisons between Boremap information collected from different boreholes and is more objective than a pure descriptive borehole summary.

The Geological Summary table is the result of cooperation between Jan Ehrenborg from the mapping personnel at Simpevarp and Pär Kinnbom from PO (site investigation, Oskarshamn). The aim was to make a standard form in handy A4-size, where all information is taken directly from the SICADA database by using simple and well defined search paths for each geological parameter (Appendix 2).

The search paths are, however, yet not automatic and the geological information therefore has to be extracted from the SICADA database before it is reworked on separate Excel-files and finally presented in the Geological Summary table. At the moment it is only possible to extract the Rock Type and Alteration parameters directly from the SICADA database.

The main reason why the information in the SICADA database cannot be extracted automatically is the lack of a mathematical formula for calculation of frequencies for different parameters. Such a formula will be added.

The Geological Summary table is made up of 23 columns, each one representing a specific geological parameter. The geological parameters are presented as either intervals or frequencies. Intervals are calculated for parameters with a width  $\geq 1$  m and frequencies for parameters with a width  $< 1$  m. Frequency information is treated as if it does not have any extension along the borehole axis. They are treated as point observations. It should be noted that parameters with a thickness of only 1 mm therefore has the same "value" as a similar parameter with a thickness of 999 mm since both are treated as point observations and used for frequency calculations.

Parameters are sometimes related in such a way that the mapping of one parameter cause a decrease in the frequency of another parameter. This type of intimate relationship between parameters has been noted for the following cases;

- There is a decrease in the frequency of *unbroken fractures* with oxidized walls and without mineral fillings in intervals mapped with *Alteration-oxidation*.
- No *unbroken fractures* are mapped in intervals of *sealed fracture network*.
- No *broken fractures* are mapped in intervals with *crush*.
- Composite dykes generally include a large amount of fine- to medium-grained granite veins (511058). These veins are not mapped and the frequency presented for veins + dykes in column 6 (Appendix 1) are lower than the true frequency in composite dyke intervals.

#### 4.5.1 Columns in the Geological Summary table

The Geological Summary table includes the following 23 columns:

**Column 1:** *Rock Type / Lithology*, interval column. Only lithologies longer than 1 m are presented here. Shorter lithologies are presented in column 6. This column is identical with the ordinary WellCad presentation.

**Column 2:** *Rock Type / Grain size*, interval column. Interval limits follows column 1. This column is identical with the ordinary WellCad presentation.

**Column 3:** *Rock Type / Texture*, interval column. Interval limits follows column 1. This column is identical with the ordinary WellCad presentation.

**Column 4:** *Alteration / Oxidation*, interval column. No frequency column is presented for alteration/oxidation. The alteration/oxidation column is identical with the ordinary WellCad presentation.

**Column 5:** *Alteration / Intensity*, interval column. This column is identical with the ordinary WellCad presentation.

**Column 6:** *Rock Occurrence / Veins + Dykes < 1 m wide*, frequency column. This rock type column can be seen as the frequency complement to the rock type/lithology interval column. Only rock type sections that are thinner than 1 m can be described as rock occurrences in Boremap. Thicker rock type sections are mapped as rock type.

**Column 7:** *Structure / Shear Zone < 1 m wide*, frequency column. This column includes ductile shear structures as well as brittle-ductile shear structures and these are mapped as rock occurrences in Boremap. Ductile sections in mm-cm scale are mapped as shear structures and in dm-m scale as sections with foliation.

**Column 8:** *Structure / Brecciated < 1 m wide*, frequency column. Breccias < 1 m wide are mapped as rock occurrence in Boremap. Very thin micro breccias along sealed/natural fracture planes are generally not considered.

**Column 9:** *Structure / Brecciated  $\geq 1 \text{ m wide}$* , interval column. Breccias  $> 1 \text{ m wide}$  are mapped as rock type/structure in Boremap.

**Column 10:** *Structure / Mylonite < 1 m wide*, frequency column. Mylonites < 1 m wide are mapped as rock occurrence/structure in Boremap.

**Column 11:** *Structure / Mylonite  $\geq 1$  m wide* is an interval column. Mylonites  $> 1$  m wide are mapped as rock type/structure in Boremap.

**Column 12:** *Structure / Foliation  $< 1$  m wide* is a frequency column. Sections with foliation  $< 1$  m wide are mapped as rock occurrence/structure in Boremap. Very thin sections with foliation are called ductile shear structures and presented in column 7.

**Column 13:** *Structure / Foliation  $\geq 1$  m wide* is an interval column. Sections with foliation  $> 1$  m wide are mapped as rock type/structure in Boremap.

**Column 14:** *Sealed fractures / All*, frequency column. This column includes all fractures mapped as unbroken in the Boremap system and this includes unbroken fractures where the drill core is not broken as well as unbroken fractures interpreted to have broken up artificially during/after drilling.

**Column 15:** *Sealed fractures / Broken fractures with aperture = 0*, frequency column. This column includes unbroken fractures interpreted to have broken up artificially during/after drilling.

**Column 16:** *Sealed fractures / Sealed Fracture Network  $< 1$  m wide*, frequency column. The sealed fracture network parameter is the only parameter that is generally evaluated directly from observations of the drill core. These types of sealed fractures can only in rare cases be observed in the BIPS-image.

**Column 17:** *Sealed fractures / Sealed Fracture Network  $\geq 1$  m wide*, interval column.

**Column 18:** *Open fractures / All Apertures  $> 0$* , frequency column. This column includes all broken fractures, both fractures that with certainty were open before drilling and fractures that probably or possibly were open before drilling.

**Column 19:** *Open fractures / Uncertain, Aperture = 0.5 probable + 0.5 possible*, frequency column. This column includes fractures that probably or possibly open before drilling.

**Column 20:** *Open fractures / Certain Aperture = 0.5 certain and  $> 0.5$* , frequency column. This column includes fractures that with certainty were open before drilling.

**Column 21:** *Open fractures / Joint alteration  $> 1.5$* , frequency column. This column show fractures with stronger joint alteration than normal. This parameter is generally correlated with the location of lithologies with a more weathered appearance.

**Column 22:** *Open fractures / Crush  $< 1$  m wide*, frequency column. This column includes shorter sections with crush.

**Column 23:** *Open fractures / Crush  $\geq 1$  m wide*, interval column. This column includes longer sections with crush.

## 5 Results

The results of the Boremap mapping of KLX03 are principally found in the appendices. The information from Boremap database has been compressed to the size of an A4-sheet in the Geological Summary table, Appendix 1. The search paths for the Geological Summary table are presented in Appendix 2. Stereographic diagrams of the orientation of open fractures are presented in Appendix 3. The BIPS-images of KLX03 are shown in Appendix 4 and the corresponding WellCad diagrams in Appendix 5. In-data, like borehole length, diameter and borehole orientation data are presented in Appendices 6, 7 and 8.

### 5.1 Geological Summary table, KLX03

All length information in this chapter is taken from the Geological Summary table and therefore includes an error of 5–10 m.

The Geological Summary table for KLX03 is presented in Appendix 1.

Rock types mapped in KLX03 are shown in Table 5-1.

The interval 100–620 m is made up of Ävrö granite (501044) and the interval 620–1,000 m of quartz monzodiorite (501036). Sparsely occurring 1–30 m thick bands of other lithologies occur all through KLX03. Interval 730–800 m is the lithologically most heterogeneous interval of KLX03.

Oxidation occurs all through KLX03 except for interval 380–610 m. Interval 100–380 m is sparsely and faintly oxidized, the strongest oxidation occur in the interval 610–820 m and the interval 820–1,000 m is rather faintly oxidized like the upper part of KLX03.

The vein frequency does not show any significant changes throughout KLX03 except for higher frequencies in the interval 620–730 m. The minima in vein frequencies in the interval 730–800 m are probably artificial since the fine-grained diorite-gabbro (505102) at 730 and 790 m are very rich in veins. These are, however, included in the rock type and therefore not mapped with the Boremap system. It is thus believed that the true vein frequency maxima in KLX03 cover the interval 620–800 m.

Shear structures occur sparsely all through KLX03. The peak at 810 m is probably related to the deformation in section IV which covers the interval 730–800 m.

**Table 5-1. Rock types in KLX03.**

Percent of whole core	Rock type
56.4%	Ävrö granite (501044)
37.0%	Quartz monzodiorite (501036)
3.2%	Fine-grained diorite-gabbro (505102)
1.9%	Diorite/gabbro (501033)
1.1%	Fine-grained granite (511058)
0.1%	Fine-grained dioritoid (501030)

Breccias are sparse in KLX03. Most breccias are located to the interval 730–780 m within section IV. The thickest breccia, over 1 m wide, also occur in this interval.

No mylonites were mapped in KLX03.

Foliation structures occur all through KLX03. They are more common in the interval 600–800 m. Foliation is frequent and stronger in the fine-grained diorite-gabbro (505102) and the fine-grained granite (511058) bands. The interval 100–620 m which is almost exclusively made up of Ävrö granite (501044) almost lack foliation.

Maxima and minima in the frequencies of unbroken fractures (interpreted) and broken fractures (interpreted) follow one another all through KLX03. Normal fracture frequencies in the interval 100–450 m are followed by low fracture frequencies in the interval 450–620 m. Thereafter follows frequency maxima in the interval 620–800 m and the fracture frequencies drops in the interval 800–1,000 m especially for broken fractures (interpreted). Especially interval 730–800 m show frequency maxima of broken fractures.

High joint alteration numbers are more common in the interval 620–800 m than in the rest of KLX03.

Intervals with crush are rare throughout KLX03 and where they occur they never reach any significant thickness.

KLX03 has been subdivided into five sections according to rock types, alteration intensities, structures and fractures as shown in the Geological Summary table (Appendix 1).

Section I, 100–450 m, is made up of Ävrö granite (501044) except for very few and thin bands with other lithologies. This section is sparsely and faintly oxidized and no geological parameter stands out. Fracture frequencies are normal and the section is homogeneous with respect to the geological parameters mapped.

Section II, 450–620 m, is also made up of Ävrö granite (501044) but bands with other lithologies are extremely rare. Oxidation is almost missing and fracture frequencies, both for broken and unbroken fractures, is the lowest in KLX03. Also structures and rock occurrences show very low frequencies.

Section III, 620–730 m, is made up of quartz monzodiorite (501036). Frequencies of rock occurrences, foliated zones, broken and unbroken fractures and high joint alteration numbers are higher than in sections I and II and oxidation is stronger.

Section IV, 730–800 m, is the most anomalous section in KLX03. This section is lithologically the most heterogeneous section in KLX03 although it is dominated by quartz monzodiorite (501036). Several, up to 15 m thick, bands of other lithologies occur. All of this section is oxidized with varying intensities. Structures are more common in other sections, for example, breccias and foliated intervals. Long sections of sealed fracture networks occur; broken fractures show stronger maxima than in the rest of KLX03 and section IV show strong maxima in the frequencies of high joint alteration numbers.

Section V, 800–1,000 m, is made up of quartz monzodiorite (501036) with the exception of an approximately 5 m thick band of fine-grained granite (511058) at approximately 900 m. Section V is rather faintly oxidized in thin scattered zones, does not show any maxima in structure frequencies, low broken fracture frequencies and no crush zones. The band of fine-grained granite (511058) show strong foliation and is almost covered with a continuous sealed fracture network indicating that the granite has served as a local deformation zone within section V.

The only geologically outstanding section in KLX03 is section IV. This section can be defined as a deformation zone as indicated by rapidly alternating lithologies, rather strong and continuous oxidation, maxima in breccia frequencies, strong ductile deformation accompanied by chlorite alteration in bands of melanocratic rock, long intervals of sealed fracture network, high frequencies of broken fractures and high joint alteration numbers. Strong ductile deformation in fine-grained diorite-gabbro (505102) bands occur at intervals 732.45–733.15 m and 795.10–795.45 m. Clay alteration accompany the deformation in several cm-dm scale bands at 732.44–732.47 m, 732.58–732.80 m, 732.86–732.88 m, 732.98–733.05 m, and 733.14–733.16 m. Schlieren with quartz occur in the probable deformation zone 795.10–795.45 m.

## 5.2 Orientation of broken fractures

Broken fractures are presented in stereogram for each 100 m interval in KLX03 (Appendix 3). Fracture orientation values are strike/dip values using the right hand rule.

The orientation for borehole KLX03 at ground zero level is 199/-74.5°.

Broken fractures not visible in the BIPS-image were oriented according to the *guide-line method* (see chapter 4.2.3). In rare cases where it was impossible to use the *guide-line method* these fractures have a comment and are not oriented.

There is a general strong overrepresentation of broken fractures cutting the core at high angles compared to fractures cutting the core at low angles. This results in artificially high anomaly values for fractures cutting the borehole at high angles and in distortion of anomaly shapes in the stereographic plots. These distortions show up as a tendency for anomalies to obtain a semi-circular shape, effects that are stronger the longer the plotted depth interval. It is therefore not recommended to plot intervals longer than 100 m in stereograms.

A sub horizontal fracture set (5–18°) show up as the strongest anomaly for broken fractures all through KLX03. The orientation of this fracture set varies strongly with depth partly depending on low dip angles. Common orientations are WNW-ESE and NNW-SSE.

The strongest stereogram maximum in KLX03, except for the sub horizontal fracture set maximum, is a WNW-ESE fracture set with high dip angles (70–81°).

Very few and weak fracture set maxima occur in the NW-SE to NNW-SSE to N-S sector.

A NNE-SSW fracture set maximum with moderate dip (45–54°) occur in the interval 300–1,000 m. This fracture set have a more NE-SW orientation in the interval 500–600 m and a more N-S orientation in the interval 700–800 m.

ENE-WNW fracture set orientations are extremely rare and the only stereogram maximum occurs in the interval 900–1,000 m (67°).

Fractures with W-E orientations and high dip angle (85–90°) occur as low to very low stereographic maxima all through KLX03.

Almost all fractures in the interval 220–270 m dip < 30°. This trend can be extended to the interval 190–300 m.

### **5.3 Fracture mineralogies**

Percentages of minerals on open fractures are shown in Table 5-2 and percentages of minerals in sealed fractures are shown in Table 5-3. Hematite, adularia, prehnite, laumontite, sericite, chalcopyrite, apophyllite, sphalerite and fluorite were excluded since each one of these mineral represented < 1%.

Mineral fillings detected on broken fractures were to 60% made up of chlorite and calcite, with approximately 30% each and clay minerals and pyrite with approximately 10% each.

Mineral fillings detected on unbroken fractures were to 50% made up of calcite and oxidized walls (not a mineral fill) and quartz and chlorite together make up approximately 25%.

**Table 5-2. Percentages of mineral fillings in open fractures, KLX03.**

Percent	Mineral
31.9	Chlorite
28.3	Calcite
10.9	Clay minerals
9.7	Pyrite
7.2	Oxidized Walls
4.2	Hematite
2.5	Quartz
1.9	Epidote

**Table 5-3. Percentages of mineral fillings in sealed fractures in KLX03.**

Percent	Mineral
25.7	Calcite
23.6	Oxidized walls
13.4	Chlorite
12.7	Quartz
8.9	X8 (epidotized walls.)
4.1	Pyrite
3.7	Epidote
2.8	X7 (no visible mineral fill and fresh fracture surfaces)
1.4	X1 (gypsum)
1.0	Clay minerals

## 6 Discussion

The information presented in the Geological Summary table has so far been extracted directly from the SICADA database and from Excel files of Mapping Data and Comments from Boremap database. No information presented in the Geological Summary table for KLX03 is taken from other Comment Excel files as for earlier boreholes.

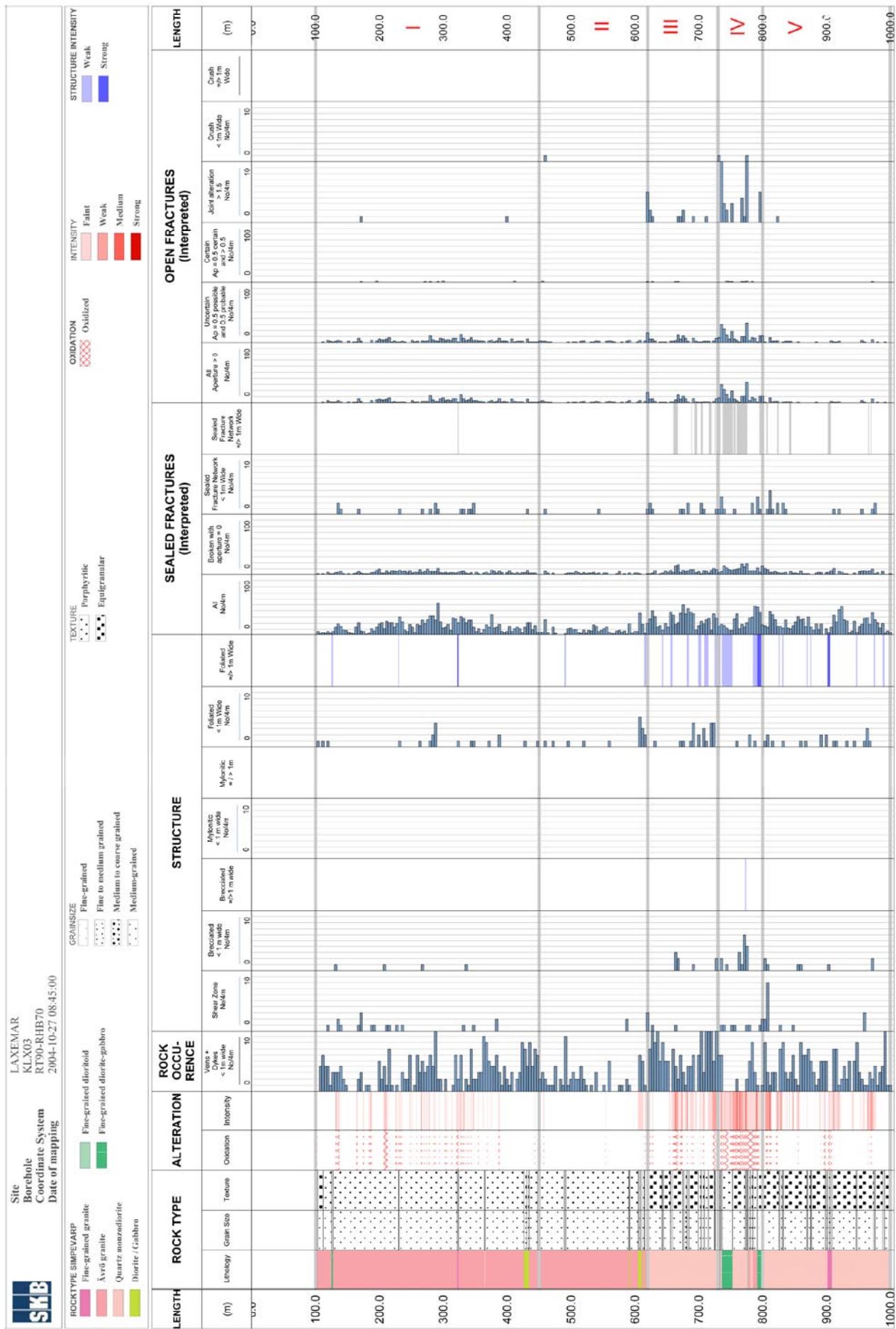
The structural term *veined* is in KLX03 used for rocks interpreted as hybrids between two different magma types. The rock type name is from the principal magma type.

The concept *sealed network* has been extended to include also unbroken fractures that are extremely thin no matter whether they can be seen only in the drill core, only in the BIPS-image or in both. Numerous very thin unbroken fractures with oxidized walls are a good example of this. These fractures can mostly be identified both in the drill core and the BIPS-image but this can be a time consuming task if such fractures are plentiful.

Breaks at approximately right angle to the drill core might be interpreted as broken fractures. This can result in artificial maxima of broken fractures in stereograms.

## Geological Summary table, KLX03

### Appendix 1



## Appendix 2

### Search paths for the Geological Summary table

TABLE HEAD LINES		INFORMATION SOURCE			PRESENTATION
Head lines	Sub head lines	Varcode	First suborder	Second suborder	Interval / frequency
Rock type	Lithology	5	Sub 1		Interval
	Grain size	5	Sub 5		Interval
	Texture	5	Sub 6		Interval
Alteration	Oxidation	7	Sub 1 = 700		Interval
	Oxidation intensity	7	Sub 1 = 700	Sub 2	Interval
Rock occurrence	Vein + dyke	31	Sub 1 = 2 and 18		Frequency
	Shear zone	31	Sub 4 = 41 and 42		Frequency
	Brecciated, < 1m wide	31	Sub 4 = 7		Frequency
Structure	Brecciated, >= 1m wide	5	Sub 3 = 7	Sub 4; 101 and 102 = 102	Interval
		5	Sub 3 = 7	Sub 4; 103 and 104 = 104	Interval
	Mylonite, < 1 m wide	31	Sub 4 = 34		Frequency
	Mylonite, >= 1 m wide	5	Sub 3 = 34	Sub 4; 101 and 102 = 102	Interval
		5	Sub 3 = 34	Sub 4; 103 and 104 = 104	Interval
	Foliation zone, < 1 m wide	31	Sub 4 = 81		Frequency
	Foliation zone, >= 1 m wide	5	Sub 3 = 81	Sub 4; 101 and 102 = 102	Interval
		5	Sub 3 = 81	Sub 4; 103 and 104 = 104	Interval
	All unbroken fractures and broken fractures	3			Frequency
Sealed fracture	Broken fractures, Aperture = 0	2	SNUM 11= 0		Frequency
	Sealed fracture network < 1 m wide	32			Frequency
	Sealed fracture network >= 1 m wide	32			Interval
Open fractures	All, Aperture > 0	2 and 3	SNum 11>0		Frequency
	Uncertain, Aperture = 0.5 possible and 0.5 probable	2 and 3	SNum 11>0	Sub 12 = 3	Frequency
	Certain, Aperture = 0.5 certain	2 and 3	SNum 11>0	Sub 12 = 2	Frequency
	Joint alteration > 1.5	2	SNum16 > 1.5	Sub 12 = 1	Frequency
	Crush < 1 m wide	4			Frequency
	Crush >= 1 m wide	4			Interval

## Appendix 3

### Stereographic projections of open fractures, KLX03

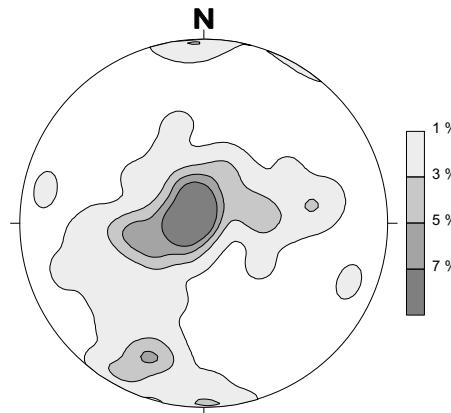


Figure 1: Open fractures 100-200m (n=105)

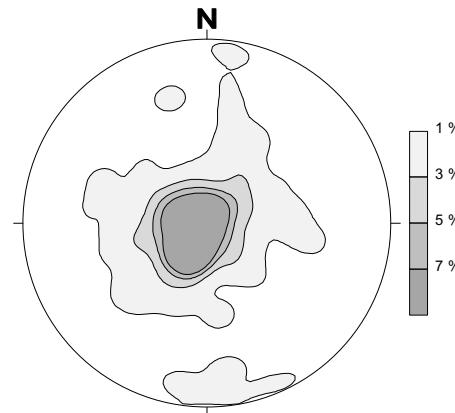


Figure 2: Open fractures 200-300m (n=218)

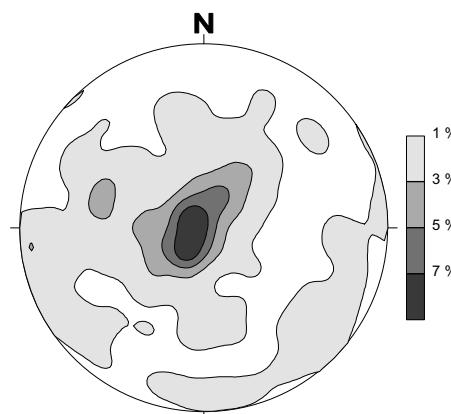


Figure 3: Open fractures 300-400m (n=118)

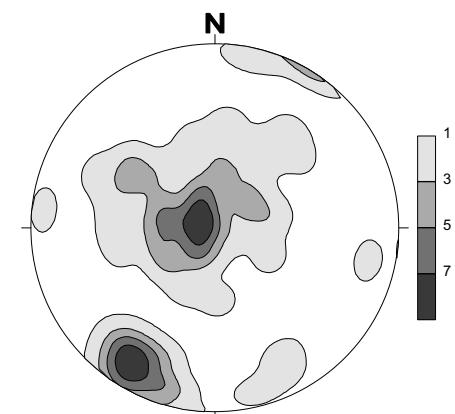
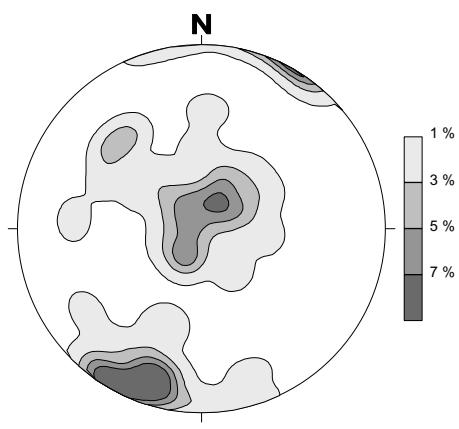
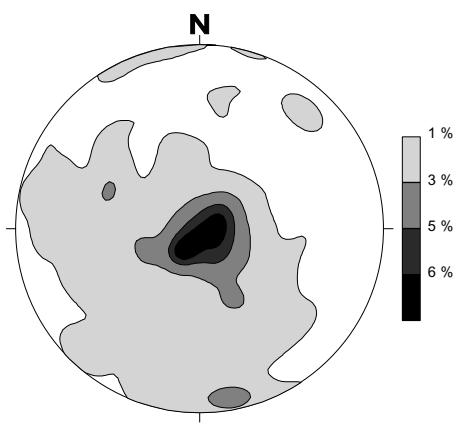


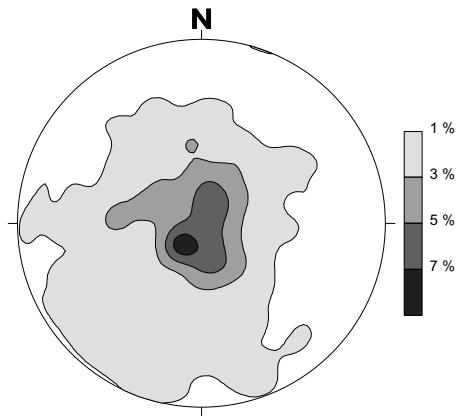
Figure 4: Open fractures 400-500m (n=86)



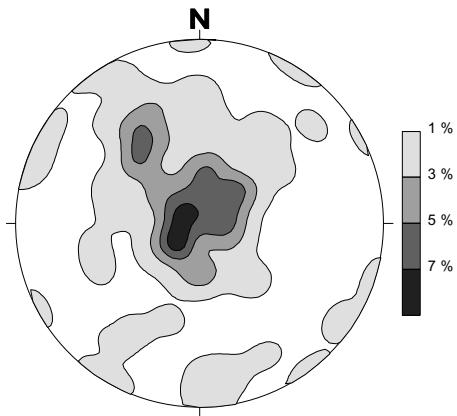
**Figure 5: Open fractures 500-600m (n=70)**



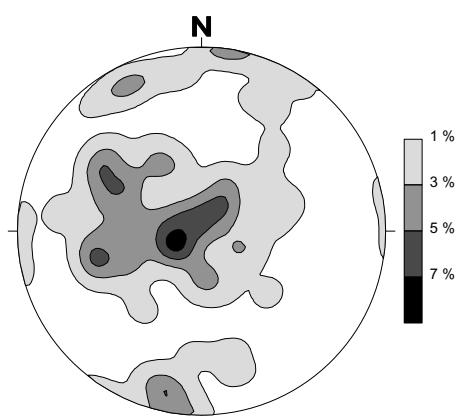
**Figure 6: Open fractures 600-700m (n=223)**



**Figure 7: Open fractures 700-800 (n=454)**



**Figure 8: Open fractures 800-900m (n=101)**



**Figure 9: Open fractures 900-1000m (n=105)**

## Appendix 4

### BIPS-images of KLX03

#### Borehole Image Report

Borehole Name: KLX03  
Mapping Name: KLX03\_JEPD\_1  
Mapping Range: 100.000 - 994.336 m  
Diameter: 76.0 mm  
Printed Range: 100.000 - 994.336  
Pages: 37

#### Image File Information:

File: C:\PROGRAM\Boremap\KLX03\KLX03\_100-994m.BIP  
Date/Time: 2004-09-26 08:32:00  
Start Depth: 100.000 m  
End Depth: 994.336 m  
Resolution: 1.00 mm/pixel (depth)  
Orientation: Gravmetric  
Image height: 894336 pixels  
Image width: 360 pixels  
BIP Version: BIP-III  
Locality: LAXEMAR  
Borehole: KLX03  
Scan Direction: Down  
Color adjust: 0 0 0 (RGB)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 100.000 - 125.000 m  
Azimuth: 201.3  
Inclination: -75.0



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

2 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 125.000 - 150.000 m  
Azimuth: 202.9  
Inclination: -75.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

3 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 150.000 - 175.000 m  
Azimuth: 204.3  
Inclination: -75.0



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

4 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 175.000 - 200.000 m  
Azimuth: 204.6  
Inclination: -75.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

5 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 200.000 - 225.000 m  
Azimuth: 206.2  
Inclination: -75.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

6 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 225.000 - 250.000 m  
Azimuth: 207.9  
Inclination: -75.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

7 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 250.000 - 275.000 m  
Azimuth: 208.9  
Inclination: -75.2



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

8 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 275.000 - 300.000 m  
Azimuth: 210.6  
Inclination: -75.2



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

9 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 300.000 - 325.000 m  
Azimuth: 212.0  
Inclination: -75.4



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

10 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 325.000 - 350.000 m  
Azimuth: 212.0  
Inclination: -75.4



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

11 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 350.000 - 375.000 m  
Azimuth: 214.1  
Inclination: -75.5



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

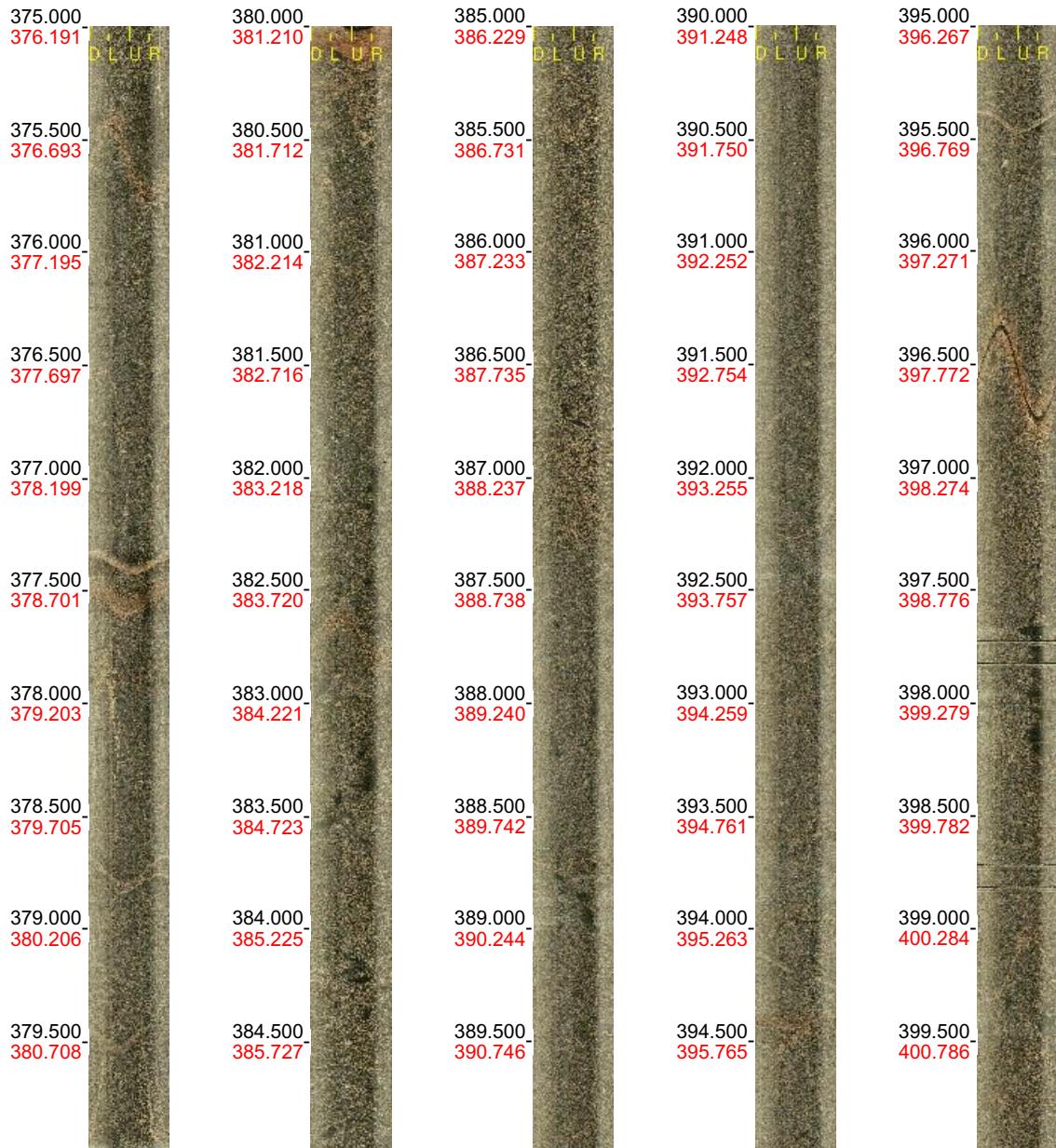
Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

12 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 375.000 - 400.000 m  
Azimuth: 214.1  
Inclination: -75.6



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

13 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 400.000 - 425.000 m  
Azimuth: 215.6  
Inclination: -75.7



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

14 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 425.000 - 450.000 m  
Azimuth: 216.1  
Inclination: -75.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

15 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 450.000 - 475.000 m  
Azimuth: 216.6  
Inclination: -76.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

16 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 475.000 - 500.000 m  
Azimuth: 217.0  
Inclination: -76.3



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

17 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 500.000 - 525.000 m  
Azimuth: 215.3  
Inclination: -76.3



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

18 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 525.000 - 550.000 m  
Azimuth: 207.3  
Inclination: -76.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

19 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 550.000 - 575.000 m  
Azimuth: 207.6  
Inclination: -75.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

20 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 575.000 - 600.000 m  
Azimuth: 210.1  
Inclination: -76.2



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

21 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 600.000 - 625.000 m  
Azimuth: 212.6  
Inclination: -76.0



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

22 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 625.000 - 650.000 m  
Azimuth: 214.1  
Inclination: -76.2



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

23 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 650.000 - 675.000 m  
Azimuth: 216.4  
Inclination: -76.3



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

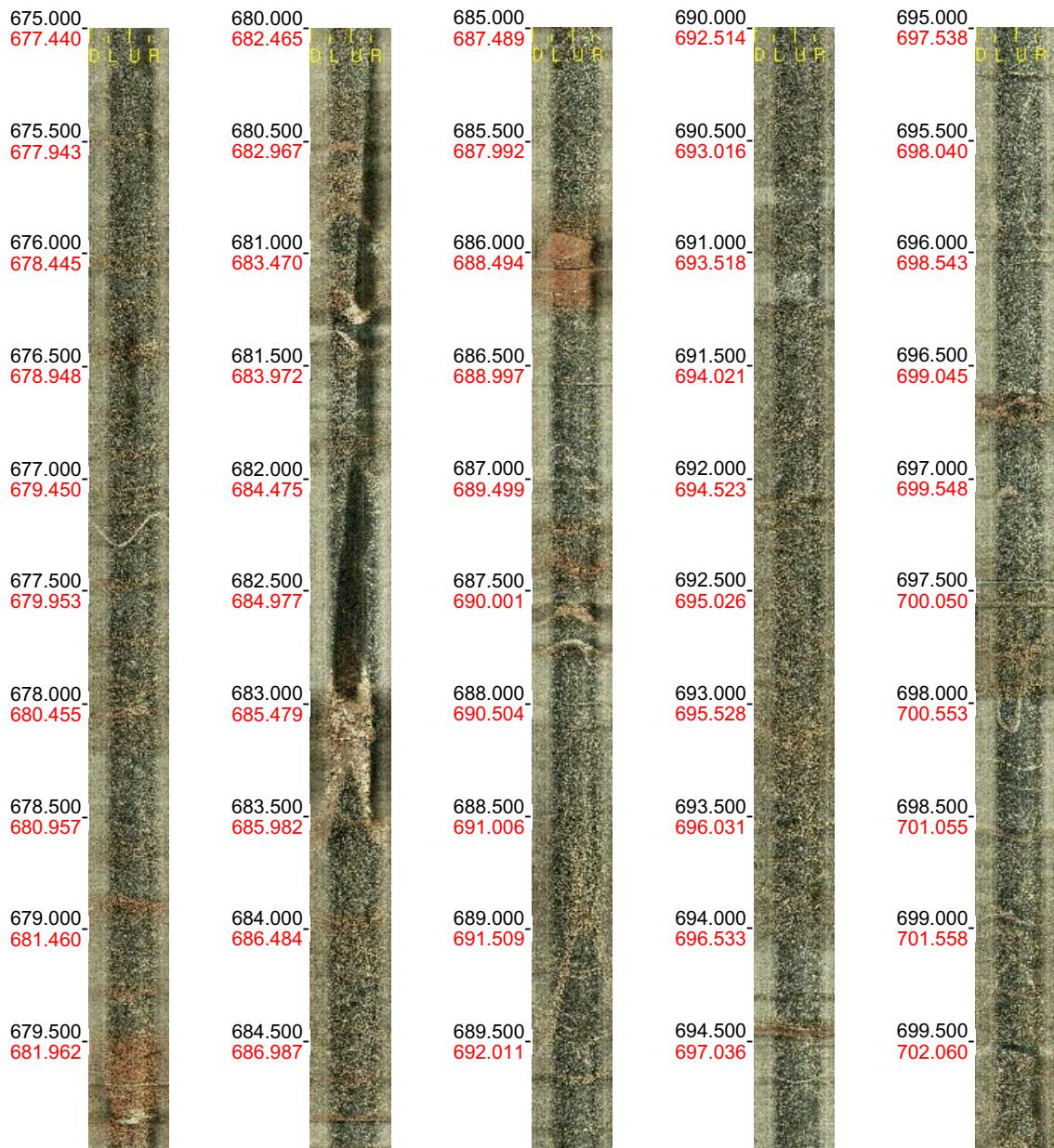
Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

24 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 675.000 - 700.000 m  
Azimuth: 218.2  
Inclination: -76.3



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

25 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 700.000 - 725.000 m  
Azimuth: 220.3  
Inclination: -76.6



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

26 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 725.000 - 750.000 m  
Azimuth: 222.7  
Inclination: -76.6



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

27 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 750.000 - 775.000 m  
Azimuth: 225.0  
Inclination: -76.6



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

28 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 775.000 - 800.000 m  
Azimuth: 226.8  
Inclination: -76.8



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

29 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 800.000 - 825.000 m  
Azimuth: 228.5  
Inclination: -76.6



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

30 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 825.000 - 850.000 m  
Azimuth: 230.3  
Inclination: -76.7



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

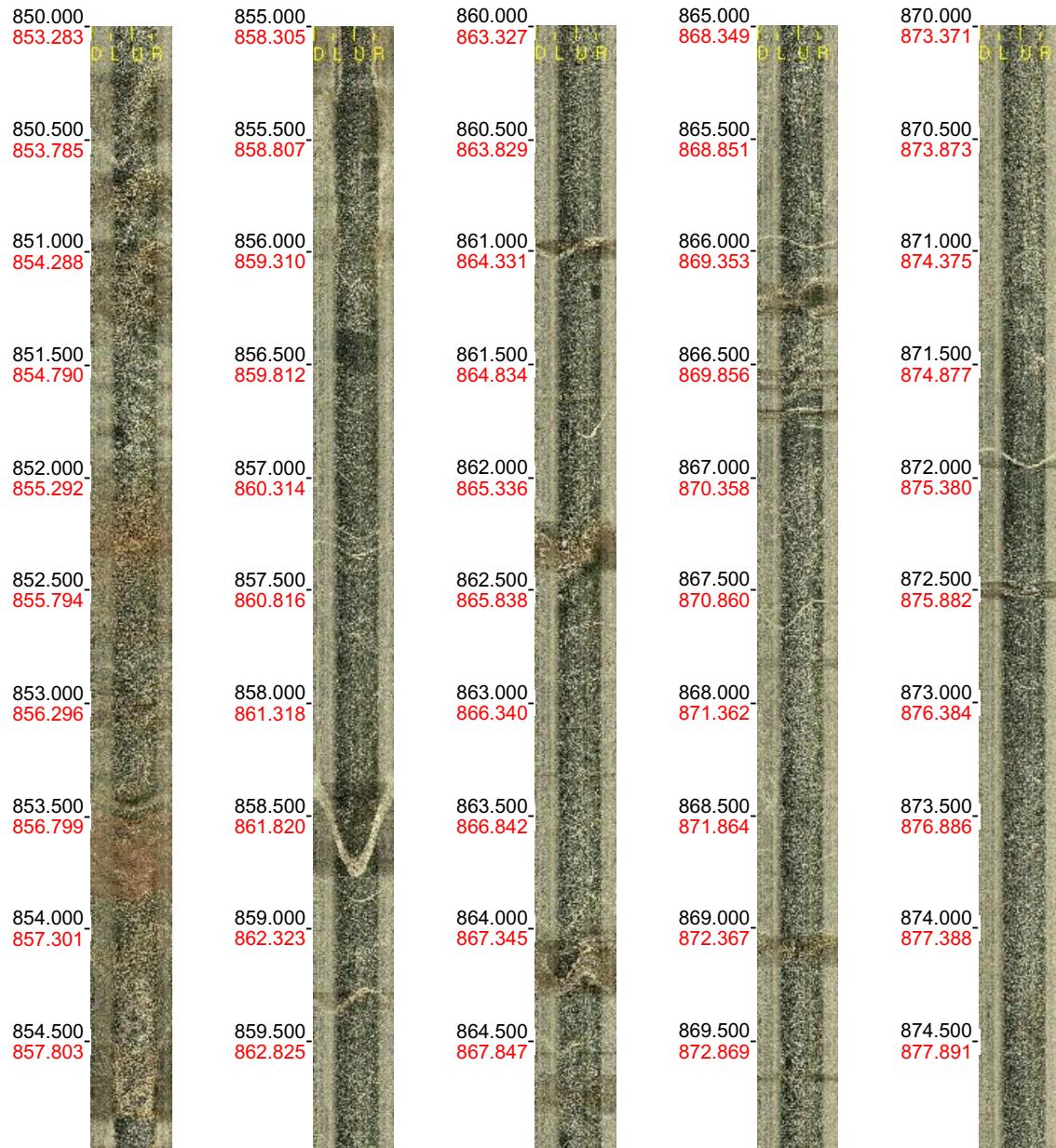
Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

31 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 850.000 - 875.000 m  
Azimuth: 232.8  
Inclination: -76.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

32 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 875.000 - 900.000 m  
Azimuth: 234.7  
Inclination: -77.0



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

33 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 900.000 - 925.000 m  
Azimuth: 236.5  
Inclination: -77.1



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

34 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 925.000 - 950.000 m  
Azimuth: 238.9  
Inclination: -76.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

35 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 950.000 - 975.000 m  
Azimuth: 241.9  
Inclination: -76.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

36 (37)

Borehole: KLX03  
Mapping: KLX03\_JEPD\_1

Depth range: 975.000 - 994.336 m  
Azimuth: 243.8  
Inclination: -76.9



Printed: 2005-03-07 15:14:29

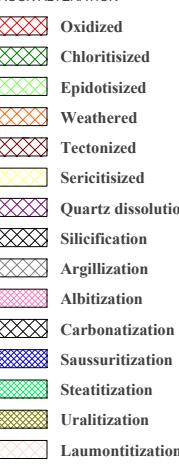
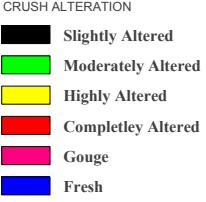
Scale: 1 : 25

Aspect: 150 %

37 (37)

## Appendix 5

### WellCad diagram of KLX03

Title	LEGEND FOR LAXEMAR	KLX03
	Site Borehole Plot Date	LAXEMAR KLX03 2005-02-09 22:06:44
ROCKTYPE LAXEMAR	ROCK ALTERATION	MINERAL
<p>Dolerite / Diabas</p> <p>Fine-grained Götemargranite</p> <p>Coarse-grained Götemargranite</p> <p>Fine-grained granite</p> <p>Pegmatite</p> <p>Granite</p> <p>Ävrö granite</p> <p>Quartz monzodiorite</p> <p>Diorite / Gabbro</p> <p>Fine-grained dioritoid</p> <p>Fine-grained diorite-gabbro</p> <p>Sulphide mineralization</p> <p>Sandstone</p> <p>Soil</p>		<p>Epidote</p> <p>Hematite</p> <p>Calcite</p> <p>Chlorite</p> <p>Chalcopyrite</p> <p>Quartz</p> <p>Unknown</p> <p>Pyrite</p> <p>Sphalerite</p> <p>Clay Minerals</p> <p>Prehnite</p> <p>Oxidized Walls</p>
STRUCTURE	STRUCTURE ORIENTATION	ROCK ALTERATION INTENSITY
<p>Cataclastic</p> <p>Schistose</p> <p>Gneissic</p> <p>Mylonitic</p> <p>Ductile Shear Zone</p> <p>Brittle-Ductile Zone</p> <p>Veined</p> <p>Banded</p> <p>Massive</p> <p>Foliated</p> <p>Brecciated</p> <p>Lineated</p>	<p>Cataclastic</p> <p>Bedded</p> <p>Gneissic</p> <p>Schistose</p> <p>Brittle-Ductile Shear Zone</p> <p>Ductile Shear Zone</p> <p>Lineated</p>	
TEXTURE		ROUGHNESS
<p>Hornfelsed</p> <p>Porphyritic</p> <p>Ophitic</p> <p>Equigranular</p> <p>Augen-Bearing</p> <p>Unequigranular</p> <p>Metamorphic</p>		<p>Planar</p> <p>Undulating</p> <p>Stepped</p> <p>Irregular</p>
GRAINSIZE		SURFACE
<p>Aphanitic</p> <p>Fine-grained</p> <p>Fine to medium grained</p> <p>Medium to coarse grained</p> <p>Coarse-grained</p> <p>Medium-grained</p>		<p>Rough</p> <p>Smooth</p> <p>Slickensided</p>
STRUCTURE ORIENTATION		CRUSH ALTERATION
		
		FRACTURE DIRECTION
		STRUKTURE ORIENTATION
		<p>Dip Direction 0 - 360°</p> <p>0/360°</p> <p>270°</p> <p>90°</p> <p>180°</p> <p>Dip 0 - 90°</p>

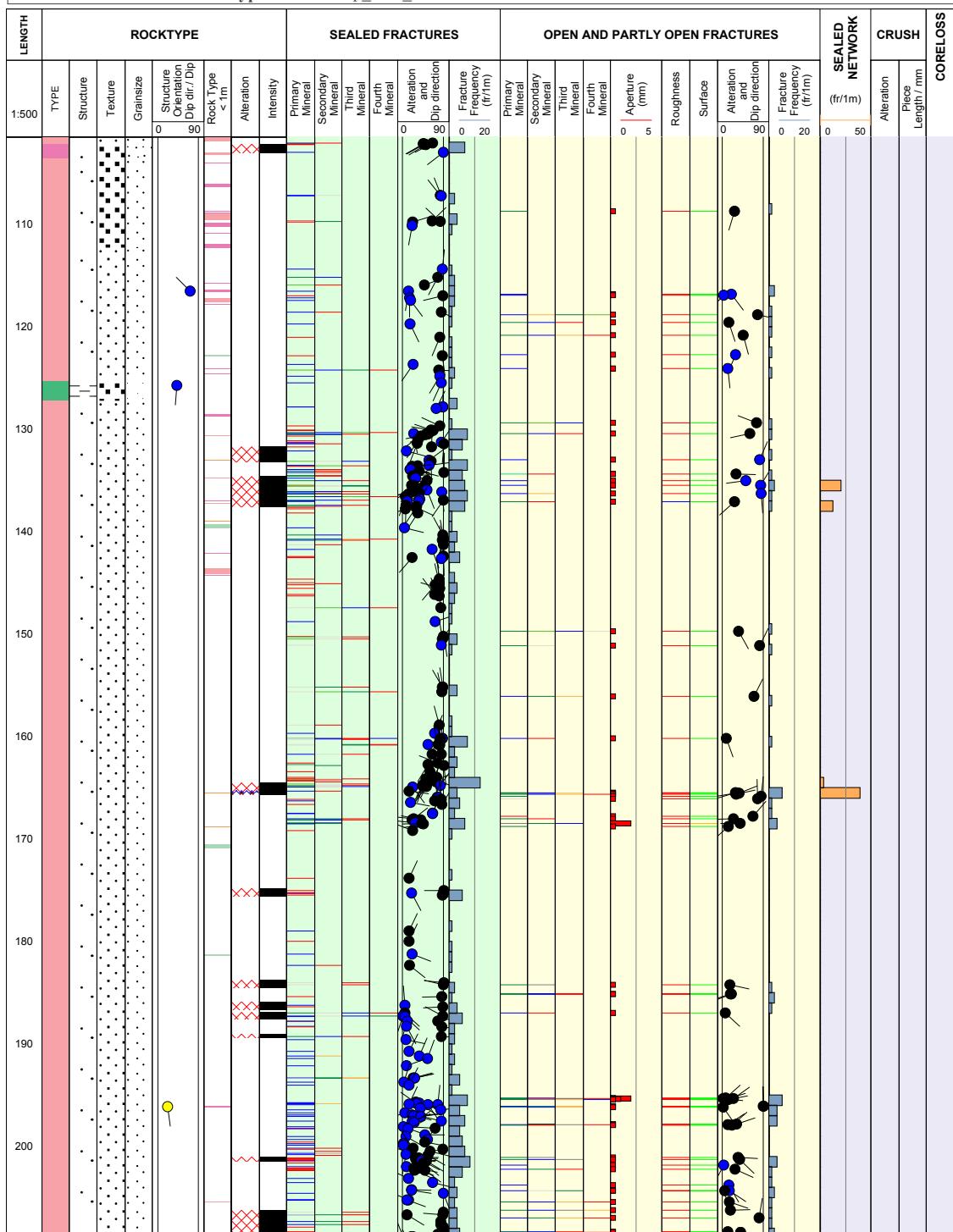
Title GEOLOGY IN KLX03

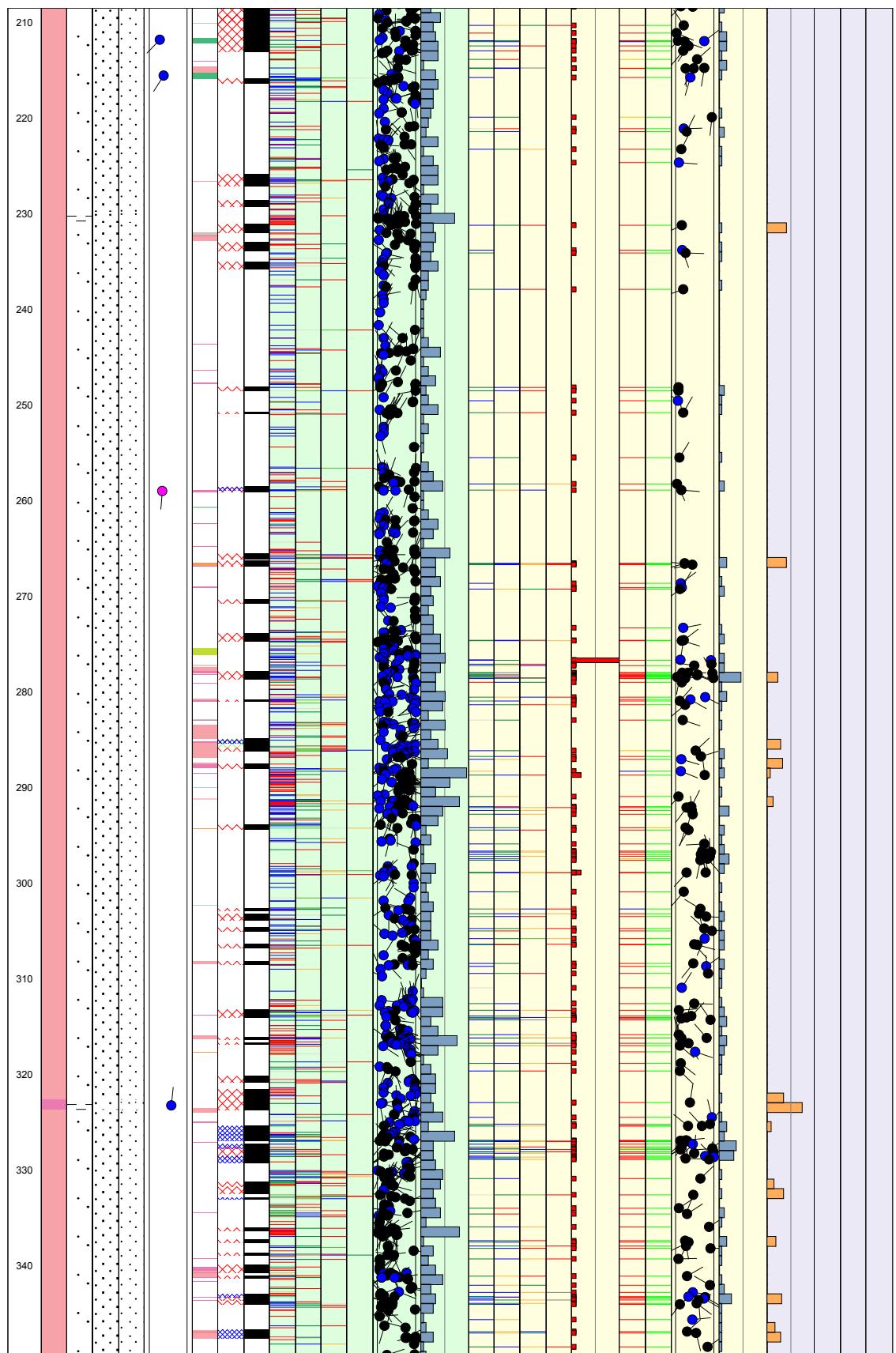
Appendix: 5

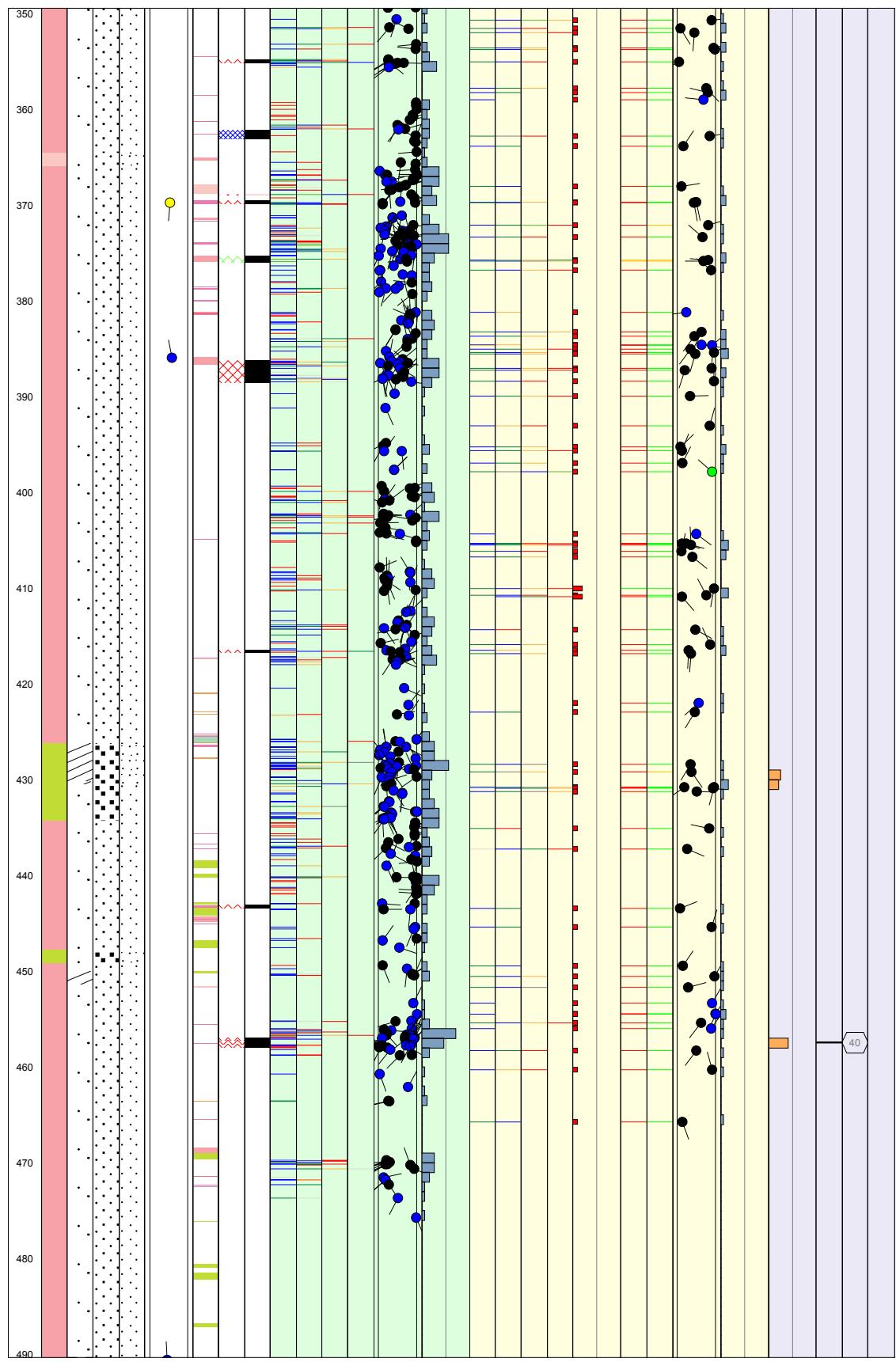


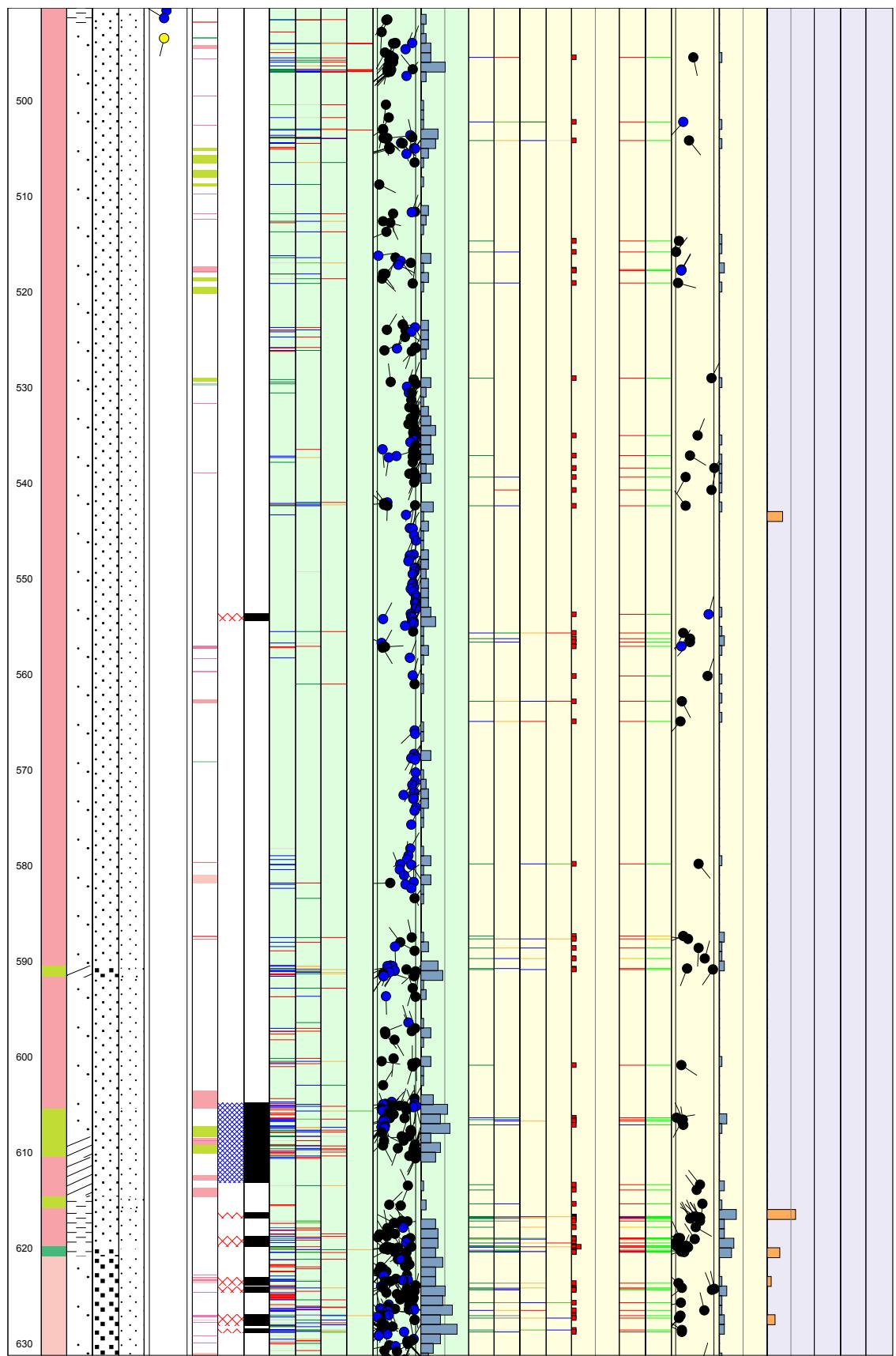
Site LAXEMAR  
Borehole KLX03  
Diameter [mm] 76  
Length [m] 1000.420  
Bearing [ $^{\circ}$ ] 199.04  
Inclination [ $^{\circ}$ ] -74.92  
Date of mapping 2004-10-27 08:45:00  
Rocktype data from p\_rock\_XXXXX

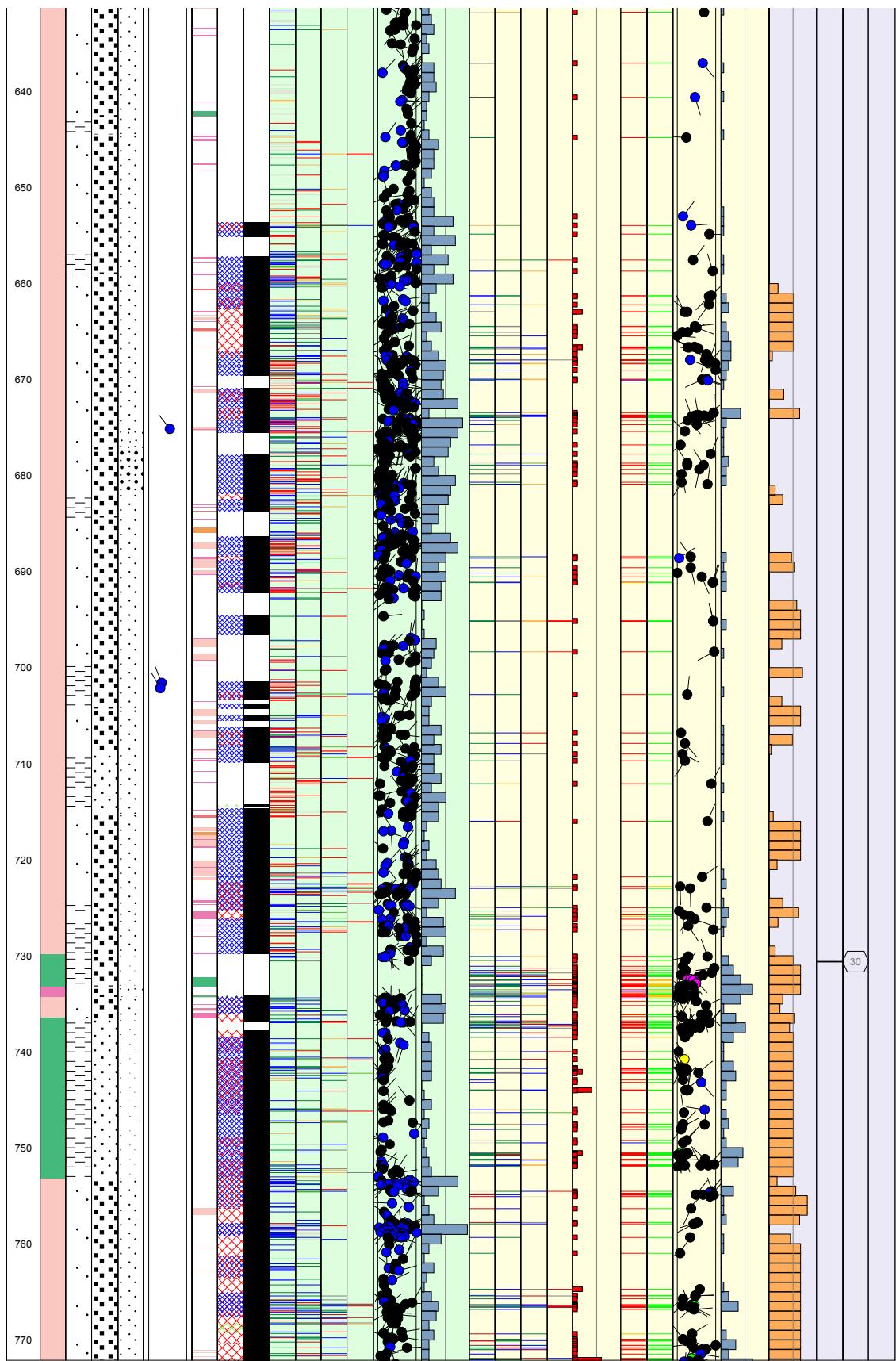
Coordinate System RT90-RHB70  
Northing [m] 6366112.59  
Easting [m] 1547718.93  
Elevation [m.a.s.l.] 18.49  
Drilling Start Date 2004-05-03 14:30:00  
Drilling Stop Date 2004-09-07 09:00:00  
Plot Date 2005-02-08 22:10:04  
Fracture data from p\_fract\_core

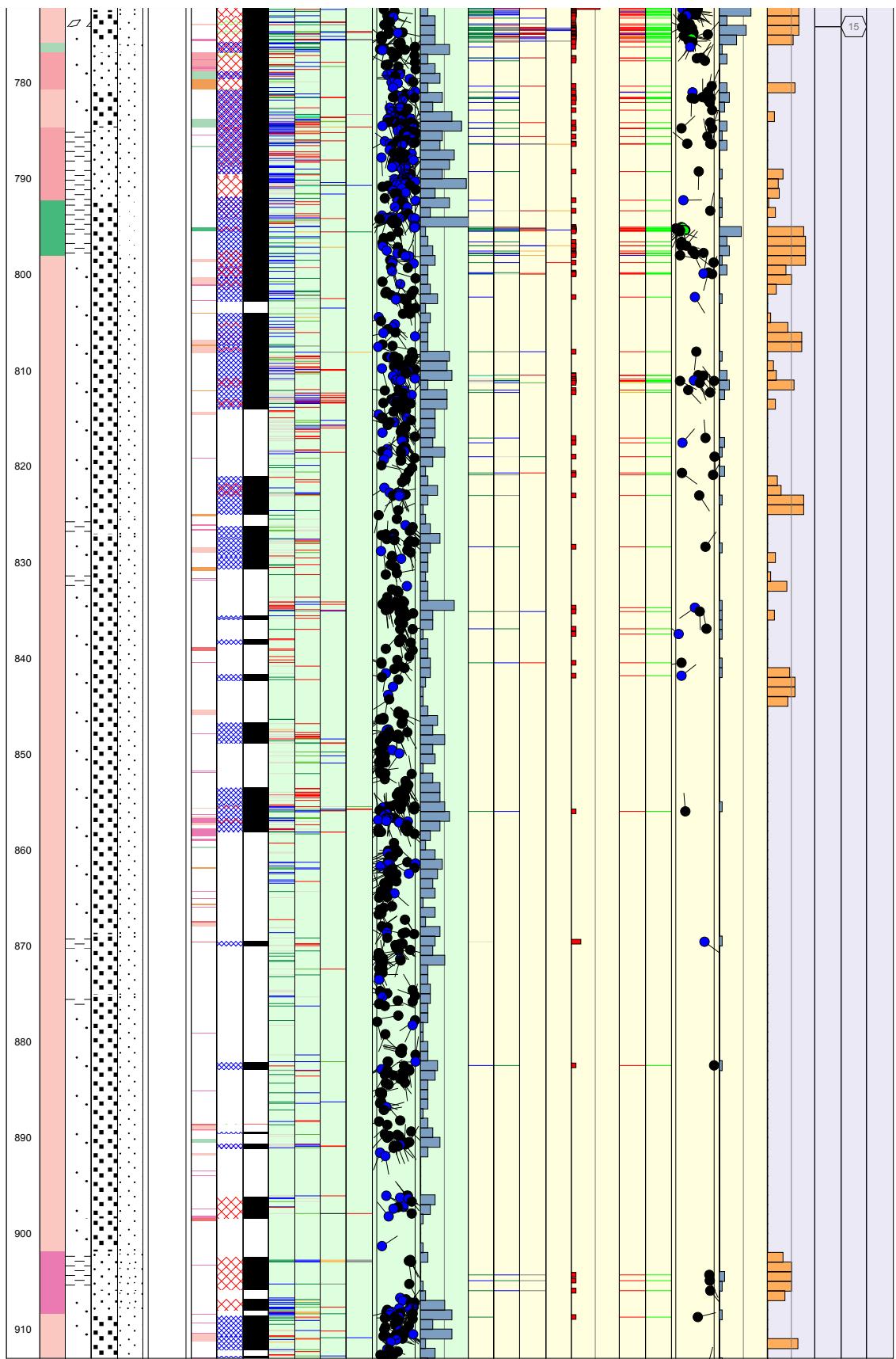


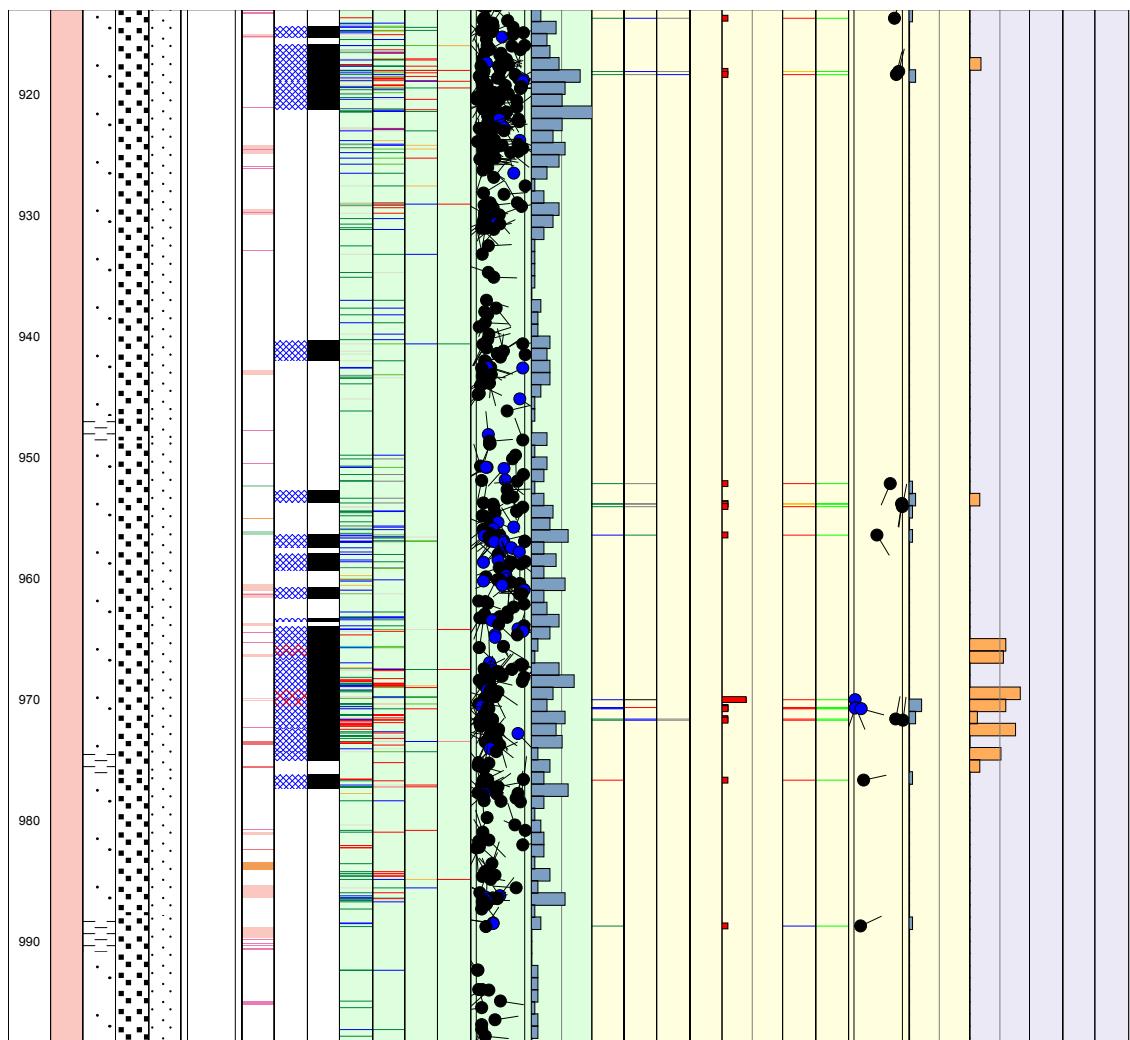












## Appendix 6

### In-data: Borehole length and diameter for KLX03

#### Hole Diam T - Drilling: Borehole diameter

**KLX03, 2004-05-28 18:00:00 - 2004-09-07 09:00:00 (100.350 - 1000.420 m)**

Sub Secup (m)	Sub Seclow (m)	Hole Diam (m)	Comment
100.350	101.400	0.086	T-86
101.400	1000.420	0.076	Corac N/50

Printout from SICADA 2004-12-10 14:09:52.

## Appendix 7

In-data: Borehole orientation data for KLX03

**Maxibor T - Borehole deviation: Maxibor**

**KLX03, 2004-09-09 00:00:00 (0.000 - 993.000 m)**

Length (m)	Northing (m)	Easting (m)	Elevation (m)	Coord System	Inclination (degrees)	Bearing (degrees)	Local A (m)	Local B (m)	Local C (m)	Extrapol Flag
0.00	6366112.59	1547718.92	-18.49	RT90-RHB70	-74.93	199.04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3.00	6366111.85	1547718.67	-15.59	RT90-RHB70	-74.83	199.00	0.7800	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
6.00	6366111.11	1547718.41	-12.70	RT90-RHB70	-74.78	199.17	1.5600	0.0000	0.0100	0.0100
9.00	6366110.37	1547718.15	-9.80	RT90-RHB70	-74.74	199.20	2.3500	0.0000	0.0100	0.0100
12.00	6366109.62	1547717.89	-6.91	RT90-RHB70	-74.72	199.22	3.1400	0.0000	0.0200	0.0200
15.00	6366108.87	1547717.63	-4.01	RT90-RHB70	-74.74	199.29	3.9300	0.0100	0.0300	0.0300
18.00	6366108.13	1547717.37	-1.12	RT90-RHB70	-74.77	199.41	4.7200	0.0100	0.0400	0.0400
21.00	6366107.39	1547717.11	1.77	RT90-RHB70	-74.88	199.54	5.5100	0.0100	0.0500	0.0500
24.00	6366106.65	1547716.85	4.67	RT90-RHB70	-74.91	199.69	6.2900	0.0200	0.0500	0.0500
27.00	6366105.91	1547716.58	7.57	RT90-RHB70	-74.93	199.89	7.0700	0.0300	0.0600	0.0600
30.00	6366105.18	1547716.32	10.46	RT90-RHB70	-74.97	200.04	7.8500	0.0400	0.0600	0.0600
33.00	6366104.45	1547716.05	13.36	RT90-RHB70	-75.00	200.30	8.6300	0.0600	0.0500	0.0500
36.00	6366103.72	1547715.78	16.26	RT90-RHB70	-75.08	200.62	9.4100	0.0700	0.0500	0.0500
39.00	6366103.00	1547715.51	19.16	RT90-RHB70	-75.21	200.86	10.1800	0.0900	0.0400	0.0400
42.00	6366102.28	1547715.24	22.06	RT90-RHB70	-75.25	200.96	10.9400	0.1200	0.0300	0.0300
45.00	6366101.57	1547714.96	24.96	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	200.84	11.7100	0.1400	0.0100	0.0100
48.00	6366100.86	1547714.69	27.86	RT90-RHB70	-75.34	200.67	12.4700	0.1700	-0.0100	-0.0100
51.00	6366100.15	1547714.43	30.76	RT90-RHB70	-75.37	200.39	13.2300	0.1900	-0.0300	-0.0300
54.00	6366099.44	1547714.16	33.67	RT90-RHB70	-75.38	200.27	13.9900	0.2100	-0.0500	-0.0500
57.00	6366098.73	1547713.90	36.57	RT90-RHB70	-75.35	200.22	14.7400	0.2200	-0.0800	-0.0800
60.00	6366098.01	1547713.64	39.47	RT90-RHB70	-75.38	200.36	15.5000	0.2400	-0.1000	-0.1000
63.00	6366097.30	1547713.37	42.37	RT90-RHB70	-75.45	200.50	16.2600	0.2600	-0.1200	-0.1200
66.00	6366096.60	1547713.11	45.28	RT90-RHB70	-75.43	200.55	17.0100	0.2800	-0.1500	-0.1500
69.00	6366095.89	1547712.84	48.18	RT90-RHB70	-75.34	200.51	17.7700	0.3000	-0.1800	-0.1800
72.00	6366095.18	1547712.58	51.08	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	200.40	18.5300	0.3100	-0.2000	-0.2000
75.00	6366094.47	1547712.31	53.99	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	200.35	19.2900	0.3300	-0.2200	-0.2200
78.00	6366093.75	1547712.05	56.89	RT90-RHB70	-75.31	200.20	20.0500	0.3500	-0.2400	-0.2400
81.00	6366093.04	1547711.79	59.79	RT90-RHB70	-75.33	199.83	20.8100	0.3700	-0.2600	-0.2600
84.00	6366092.32	1547711.53	62.69	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	199.51	21.5700	0.3800	-0.2800	-0.2800
87.00	6366091.61	1547711.27	65.59	RT90-RHB70	-75.16	199.54	22.3300	0.3800	-0.3000	-0.3000
90.00	6366090.88	1547711.02	68.49	RT90-RHB70	-75.02	199.90	23.1000	0.3900	-0.3100	-0.3100
93.00	6366090.15	1547710.75	71.39	RT90-RHB70	-74.95	200.43	23.8700	0.4000	-0.3200	-0.3200
96.00	6366089.42	1547710.48	74.29	RT90-RHB70	-74.92	200.79	24.6500	0.4200	-0.3200	-0.3200
99.00	6366088.69	1547710.20	77.19	RT90-RHB70	-74.92	201.07	25.4300	0.4400	-0.3200	-0.3200
102.00	6366087.97	1547709.92	80.08	RT90-RHB70	-74.92	201.28	26.2100	0.4700	-0.3200	-0.3200
105.00	6366087.24	1547709.64	82.98	RT90-RHB70	-74.91	201.50	26.9900	0.5000	-0.3200	-0.3200

108.00	6366086.51	1547709.35	85.88	RT90-RHB70	-74.92	201.63
111.00	6366085.79	1547709.07	88.77	RT90-RHB70	-74.93	201.88
114.00	6366085.06	1547708.78	91.67	RT90-RHB70	-74.95	202.17
117.00	6366084.34	1547708.48	94.57	RT90-RHB70	-74.96	202.42
120.00	6366083.62	1547708.19	97.46	RT90-RHB70	-74.98	202.56
123.00	6366082.90	1547707.89	100.36	RT90-RHB70	-74.98	202.81
126.00	6366082.19	1547707.59	103.26	RT90-RHB70	-74.99	202.98
129.00	6366081.47	1547707.28	106.16	RT90-RHB70	-74.97	203.16
132.00	6366080.76	1547706.98	109.05	RT90-RHB70	-74.97	203.31
135.00	6366080.04	1547706.67	111.95	RT90-RHB70	-75.00	203.52
138.00	6366079.33	1547706.36	114.85	RT90-RHB70	-75.00	203.62
141.00	6366078.62	1547706.05	117.75	RT90-RHB70	-75.02	203.77
144.00	6366077.91	1547705.73	120.64	RT90-RHB70	-75.01	203.84
147.00	6366077.20	1547705.42	123.54	RT90-RHB70	-75.02	203.95
150.00	6366076.49	1547705.11	126.44	RT90-RHB70	-75.04	204.08
153.00	6366075.78	1547704.79	129.34	RT90-RHB70	-75.07	204.19
156.00	6366075.08	1547704.47	132.24	RT90-RHB70	-75.09	204.30
159.00	6366074.37	1547704.16	135.14	RT90-RHB70	-75.08	204.40
162.00	6366073.67	1547703.84	138.04	RT90-RHB70	-75.06	204.49
165.00	6366072.97	1547703.52	140.93	RT90-RHB70	-75.05	204.60
168.00	6366072.26	1547703.19	143.83	RT90-RHB70	-75.06	204.80
171.00	6366071.56	1547702.87	146.73	RT90-RHB70	-75.07	204.93
174.00	6366070.86	1547702.54	149.63	RT90-RHB70	-75.08	205.10
177.00	6366070.16	1547702.22	152.53	RT90-RHB70	-75.08	205.26
180.00	6366069.46	1547701.89	155.43	RT90-RHB70	-75.09	205.44
183.00	6366068.77	1547701.55	158.33	RT90-RHB70	-75.08	205.59
186.00	6366068.07	1547701.22	161.23	RT90-RHB70	-75.10	205.71
189.00	6366067.37	1547700.89	164.12	RT90-RHB70	-75.12	205.81
192.00	6366066.68	1547700.55	167.02	RT90-RHB70	-75.11	205.91
195.00	6366065.99	1547700.21	169.92	RT90-RHB70	-75.11	206.07
198.00	6366065.30	1547699.88	172.82	RT90-RHB70	-75.14	206.21
201.00	6366064.61	1547699.54	175.72	RT90-RHB70	-75.17	206.46
204.00	6366063.92	1547699.19	178.62	RT90-RHB70	-75.19	206.60
207.00	6366063.23	1547698.85	181.52	RT90-RHB70	-75.22	206.81
210.00	6366062.55	1547698.51	184.42	RT90-RHB70	-75.25	206.86
213.00	6366061.87	1547698.16	187.32	RT90-RHB70	-75.26	207.00
216.00	6366061.19	1547697.81	190.23	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	207.14
219.00	6366060.51	1547697.47	193.13	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	207.29
222.00	6366059.83	1547697.12	196.03	RT90-RHB70	-75.29	207.45
225.00	6366059.16	1547696.77	198.93	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	207.52
228.00	6366058.48	1547696.41	201.83	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	207.71
231.00	6366057.81	1547696.06	204.73	RT90-RHB70	-75.28	207.89
234.00	6366057.13	1547695.70	207.64	RT90-RHB70	-75.28	208.06
						60.00000

237.00	6366056.46	1547695.34	210.54	RT90-RHB70	-75.28	208.29	60.7500	3.9700
240.00	6366055.79	1547694.98	213.44	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	208.46	61.5000	4.1000
243.00	6366055.12	1547694.62	216.34	RT90-RHB70	-75.25	208.59	62.2500	4.2200
246.00	6366054.45	1547694.25	219.24	RT90-RHB70	-75.21	208.74	63.0100	4.3500
249.00	6366053.78	1547693.89	222.14	RT90-RHB70	-75.22	208.91	63.7600	4.4800
252.00	6366053.11	1547693.52	225.04	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	209.07	64.5200	4.6100
255.00	6366052.44	1547693.14	227.94	RT90-RHB70	-75.26	209.31	65.2700	4.7400
258.00	6366051.77	1547692.77	230.84	RT90-RHB70	-75.26	209.52	66.0200	4.8800
261.00	6366051.11	1547692.40	233.75	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	209.69	66.7700	5.0200
264.00	6366050.45	1547692.02	236.65	RT90-RHB70	-75.27	209.96	67.5200	5.1600
267.00	6366049.79	1547691.64	239.55	RT90-RHB70	-75.28	210.23	68.2700	5.3000
270.00	6366049.13	1547691.25	242.45	RT90-RHB70	-75.29	210.44	69.0200	5.4500
273.00	6366048.47	1547690.87	245.35	RT90-RHB70	-75.30	210.60	69.7600	5.6000
276.00	6366047.81	1547690.48	248.25	RT90-RHB70	-75.31	210.75	70.5100	5.7500
279.00	6366047.16	1547690.09	251.16	RT90-RHB70	-75.31	210.86	71.2500	5.9100
282.00	6366046.51	1547689.70	254.06	RT90-RHB70	-75.31	210.96	72.0000	6.0600
285.00	6366045.86	1547689.31	256.96	RT90-RHB70	-75.32	211.06	72.7400	6.2200
288.00	6366045.20	1547689.92	259.86	RT90-RHB70	-75.32	211.11	73.4900	6.3800
291.00	6366044.55	1547688.52	262.76	RT90-RHB70	-75.32	211.25	74.2300	6.5400
294.00	6366043.90	1547688.13	265.67	RT90-RHB70	-75.35	211.47	74.9700	6.7000
297.00	6366043.26	1547687.73	268.57	RT90-RHB70	-75.39	211.70	75.7100	6.8600
300.00	6366042.61	1547687.34	271.47	RT90-RHB70	-75.42	211.86	76.4500	7.0300
303.00	6366041.97	1547686.94	274.37	RT90-RHB70	-75.47	211.99	77.1900	7.2000
306.00	6366041.33	1547686.54	277.28	RT90-RHB70	-75.50	212.13	77.9200	7.3600
309.00	6366040.70	1547686.14	280.18	RT90-RHB70	-75.50	212.18	78.6500	7.5300
312.00	6366040.06	1547685.74	283.09	RT90-RHB70	-75.48	212.12	79.3900	7.7000
315.00	6366039.42	1547685.34	285.99	RT90-RHB70	-75.49	212.10	80.1200	7.8800
318.00	6366038.79	1547684.94	288.90	RT90-RHB70	-75.52	212.13	80.8500	8.0500
321.00	6366038.15	1547684.54	291.80	RT90-RHB70	-75.52	212.21	81.5800	8.2100
324.00	6366037.52	1547684.14	294.71	RT90-RHB70	-75.53	212.21	82.3100	8.3900
327.00	6366036.88	1547683.74	297.61	RT90-RHB70	-75.54	212.31	83.0400	8.5600
330.00	6366036.25	1547683.34	300.52	RT90-RHB70	-75.54	212.38	83.7700	8.7300
333.00	6366035.62	1547682.94	303.42	RT90-RHB70	-75.56	212.61	84.5000	8.9000
336.00	6366034.99	1547682.54	306.33	RT90-RHB70	-75.56	212.90	85.2300	9.0800
339.00	6366034.36	1547682.13	309.23	RT90-RHB70	-75.57	213.08	85.9500	9.2600
342.00	6366033.73	1547681.72	312.14	RT90-RHB70	-75.55	213.31	86.6800	9.4400
345.00	6366033.11	1547681.31	315.04	RT90-RHB70	-75.54	213.45	87.4000	9.6200
348.00	6366032.48	1547680.90	317.95	RT90-RHB70	-75.54	213.47	88.1300	9.8100
351.00	6366031.86	1547680.48	320.85	RT90-RHB70	-75.55	213.54	88.8500	10.0000
354.00	6366031.23	1547680.07	323.76	RT90-RHB70	-75.58	213.62	89.5800	10.1800
357.00	6366030.61	1547679.66	326.66	RT90-RHB70	-75.60	213.67	90.3000	10.3700
360.00	6366029.99	1547679.24	329.57	RT90-RHB70	-75.59	213.73	91.0200	10.5600
363.00	6366029.37	1547678.83	332.47	RT90-RHB70	-75.56	213.83	91.7500	10.7500

366.00	63666028.75	1547678.41	335.38	RT90-RHB70	-75.56	92.4700	10.9400
369.00	63666028.13	1547677.99	338.28	RT90-RHB70	-75.56	93.1900	11.1300
372.00	63666027.51	1547677.58	341.19	RT90-RHB70	-75.57	93.9200	11.3200
375.00	63666026.89	1547677.16	344.09	RT90-RHB70	-75.58	94.6400	11.5200
378.00	63666026.27	1547676.74	347.00	RT90-RHB70	-75.61	95.3600	11.7200
381.00	63666025.65	1547676.32	349.91	RT90-RHB70	-75.63	96.0800	11.9100
384.00	63666025.04	1547675.89	352.81	RT90-RHB70	-75.67	96.8000	12.1100
387.00	63666024.43	1547675.47	355.72	RT90-RHB70	-75.70	97.5100	12.3100
390.00	63666023.82	1547675.05	358.63	RT90-RHB70	-75.72	98.2200	12.5100
393.00	63666023.21	1547674.63	361.53	RT90-RHB70	-75.72	98.9400	12.7100
396.00	63666022.61	1547674.20	364.44	RT90-RHB70	-75.73	99.6500	12.9100
399.00	63666022.00	1547673.78	367.35	RT90-RHB70	-75.72	100.3600	13.1200
402.00	63666021.40	1547673.35	370.25	RT90-RHB70	-75.75	101.0700	13.3200
405.00	63666020.79	1547672.93	373.16	RT90-RHB70	-75.78	101.7800	13.5300
408.00	63666020.19	1547672.50	376.07	RT90-RHB70	-75.81	102.4900	13.7400
411.00	63666019.59	1547672.07	378.98	RT90-RHB70	-75.83	103.1900	13.9500
414.00	63666019.00	1547671.65	381.89	RT90-RHB70	-75.86	103.9000	14.1600
417.00	63666018.40	1547671.22	384.80	RT90-RHB70	-75.89	104.6000	14.3600
420.00	63666017.81	1547670.79	387.71	RT90-RHB70	-75.89	105.3000	14.5700
423.00	63666017.21	1547670.37	390.62	RT90-RHB70	-75.90	106.0000	14.7800
426.00	63666016.62	1547669.94	393.53	RT90-RHB70	-75.90	106.7000	14.9900
429.00	63666016.02	1547669.51	396.44	RT90-RHB70	-75.90	107.4000	15.2000
432.00	63666015.43	1547669.09	399.34	RT90-RHB70	-75.93	108.1000	15.4100
435.00	63666014.83	1547668.67	402.25	RT90-RHB70	-75.93	108.8000	15.6100
438.00	63666014.24	1547668.25	405.16	RT90-RHB70	-75.97	109.5000	15.8200
441.00	63666013.65	1547667.83	408.08	RT90-RHB70	-76.03	110.2000	16.0200
444.00	63666013.06	1547667.40	410.99	RT90-RHB70	-76.07	110.8900	16.2300
447.00	63666012.48	1547666.98	413.90	RT90-RHB70	-76.09	111.5800	16.4400
450.00	63666011.89	1547666.55	416.81	RT90-RHB70	-76.11	112.2700	16.6500
453.00	63666011.31	1547666.12	419.72	RT90-RHB70	-76.14	112.9600	16.8700
456.00	63666010.74	1547665.70	422.64	RT90-RHB70	-76.17	113.6400	17.0800
459.00	63666010.16	1547665.27	425.55	RT90-RHB70	-76.19	114.3300	17.3000
462.00	63666009.59	1547664.84	428.46	RT90-RHB70	-76.20	115.0100	17.5200
465.00	63666009.02	1547664.41	431.38	RT90-RHB70	-76.20	115.6900	17.7400
468.00	63666008.45	1547663.97	434.29	RT90-RHB70	-76.20	116.3700	17.9700
471.00	63666007.88	1547663.54	437.20	RT90-RHB70	-76.18	117.0500	18.1900
474.00	63666007.31	1547663.10	440.11	RT90-RHB70	-76.17	117.7300	18.4200
477.00	63666006.74	1547662.67	443.03	RT90-RHB70	-76.19	117.57	18.4100
480.00	63666006.17	1547662.23	445.94	RT90-RHB70	-76.20	119.0900	18.8700
483.00	63666005.61	1547661.79	448.85	RT90-RHB70	-76.22	119.7700	19.1000
486.00	63666005.04	1547661.36	451.77	RT90-RHB70	-76.25	120.4400	19.3300
489.00	63666004.48	1547660.92	454.68	RT90-RHB70	-76.28	121.1200	19.5600
492.00	63666003.92	1547660.48	457.60	RT90-RHB70	-76.32	121.7900	19.7900

495.00	6366003.36	1547660.05	460.51	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	216.94	122.4600	20.0200	-6.2900
498.00	6366002.79	1547659.62	463.43	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	215.09	123.1400	20.2400	-6.4000
501.00	6366002.21	1547659.21	466.34	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	213.97	123.8200	20.4300	-6.4900
504.00	6366001.62	1547658.81	469.26	RT90-RHB70	-76.30	213.73	124.5100	20.6200	-6.5900
507.00	6366001.03	1547658.42	472.17	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	213.16	125.1900	20.8000	-6.6800
510.00	6366000.44	1547658.03	475.09	RT90-RHB70	-76.26	212.01	125.8800	20.9700	-6.7800
513.00	6365999.83	1547657.65	478.00	RT90-RHB70	-76.17	210.73	126.5800	21.1300	-6.8600
516.00	6365999.22	1547657.29	480.91	RT90-RHB70	-76.11	209.44	127.2800	21.2800	-6.9400
519.00	6365998.59	1547656.93	483.82	RT90-RHB70	-76.07	208.80	127.9900	21.4100	-7.0200
522.00	6365997.96	1547656.58	486.74	RT90-RHB70	-76.10	208.24	128.7000	21.5300	-7.0900
525.00	6365997.32	1547656.24	489.65	RT90-RHB70	-76.14	207.25	129.4100	21.6400	-7.1600
528.00	6365996.68	1547655.91	492.56	RT90-RHB70	-76.15	206.45	130.1200	21.7500	-7.2300
531.00	6365996.04	1547655.59	495.47	RT90-RHB70	-76.12	206.25	130.8300	21.8400	-7.3000
534.00	6365995.39	1547655.28	498.39	RT90-RHB70	-76.08	206.34	131.5500	21.9300	-7.3600
537.00	6365994.75	1547654.96	501.30	RT90-RHB70	-76.07	206.66	132.2600	22.0200	-7.4300
540.00	6365994.10	1547654.63	504.21	RT90-RHB70	-76.06	206.97	132.9800	22.1200	-7.5000
543.00	6365993.46	1547654.30	507.12	RT90-RHB70	-76.04	207.18	133.6900	22.2200	-7.5600
546.00	6365992.81	1547653.97	510.03	RT90-RHB70	-75.98	207.40	134.4100	22.3200	-7.6300
549.00	6365992.17	1547653.64	512.94	RT90-RHB70	-75.94	207.53	135.1300	22.4200	-7.6900
552.00	6365991.52	1547653.30	515.85	RT90-RHB70	-75.91	207.71	135.8500	22.5300	-7.7500
555.00	6365990.88	1547652.96	518.76	RT90-RHB70	-75.92	208.01	136.5700	22.6400	-7.8100
558.00	6365990.23	1547652.62	521.67	RT90-RHB70	-75.95	208.35	137.2900	22.7600	-7.8700
561.00	6365989.59	1547652.27	524.58	RT90-RHB70	-75.99	208.53	138.0100	22.8700	-7.9300
564.00	6365988.95	1547651.93	527.49	RT90-RHB70	-76.02	208.79	138.7300	22.9900	-8.0000
567.00	6365988.32	1547651.58	530.41	RT90-RHB70	-76.03	209.16	139.4400	23.1200	-8.0600
570.00	6365987.68	1547651.23	533.32	RT90-RHB70	-76.04	209.53	140.1600	23.2400	-8.1300
573.00	6365987.05	1547650.87	536.23	RT90-RHB70	-76.05	209.88	140.8700	23.3700	-8.2000
576.00	6365986.43	1547650.51	539.14	RT90-RHB70	-76.03	210.19	141.5800	23.5100	-8.2700
579.00	6365985.80	1547650.14	542.05	RT90-RHB70	-76.00	210.32	142.2900	23.6500	-8.3400
582.00	6365985.17	1547649.78	544.96	RT90-RHB70	-75.98	210.54	143.0000	23.7900	-8.4100
585.00	6365984.55	1547649.41	547.87	RT90-RHB70	-75.97	210.80	143.7100	23.9400	-8.4800
588.00	6365983.92	1547649.04	550.78	RT90-RHB70	-75.97	210.96	144.4300	24.0900	-8.5500
591.00	6365983.30	1547648.66	553.69	RT90-RHB70	-76.01	211.31	145.1400	24.2400	-8.6200
594.00	6365982.68	1547648.29	556.60	RT90-RHB70	-76.05	211.72	145.8500	24.3900	-8.6900
597.00	6365982.07	1547647.90	559.52	RT90-RHB70	-76.06	212.10	146.5500	24.5500	-8.7700
600.00	6365981.45	1547647.52	562.43	RT90-RHB70	-76.07	212.41	147.2500	24.7100	-8.8500
603.00	6365980.84	1547647.13	565.34	RT90-RHB70	-76.11	212.72	147.9600	24.8800	-8.9300
606.00	6365980.24	1547646.74	568.25	RT90-RHB70	-76.16	213.09	148.6600	25.0500	-9.0100
609.00	6365979.64	1547646.35	571.16	RT90-RHB70	-76.20	213.50	149.3500	25.2200	-9.0900
612.00	6365979.04	1547645.96	574.08	RT90-RHB70	-76.25	213.88	150.0500	25.4000	-9.1800
615.00	6365978.45	1547645.56	576.99	RT90-RHB70	-76.28	214.13	150.7400	25.5900	-9.2700
618.00	6365977.86	1547645.16	579.91	RT90-RHB70	-76.30	214.27	151.4200	25.7700	-9.3700
621.00	6365977.27	1547644.76	582.82	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	214.49	152.1100	25.9600	-9.4600

624.00	6365976.69	1547644.36	585.74	RT90-RHB70	-76.32	152.7900	26.1500	-9.5600
627.00	6365976.10	1547643.96	588.65	RT90-RHB70	-76.32	153.4800	26.3400	-9.6600
630.00	6365975.52	1547643.55	591.57	RT90-RHB70	-76.30	154.1600	26.5300	-9.7600
633.00	6365974.94	1547643.14	594.48	RT90-RHB70	-76.31	154.8400	26.7300	-9.8600
636.00	6365974.36	1547642.73	597.40	RT90-RHB70	-76.32	155.5200	26.9200	-9.9500
639.00	6365973.78	1547642.32	600.31	RT90-RHB70	-76.33	156.2000	27.1200	-10.0600
642.00	6365973.20	1547641.91	603.23	RT90-RHB70	-76.35	156.8800	27.3300	-10.1600
645.00	6365972.63	1547641.49	606.14	RT90-RHB70	-76.36	157.5600	27.5300	-10.2600
648.00	6365972.06	1547641.08	609.06	RT90-RHB70	-76.37	158.2400	27.7400	-10.3700
651.00	6365971.49	1547640.66	611.97	RT90-RHB70	-76.40	158.9100	27.9500	-10.4700
654.00	6365970.92	1547640.24	614.89	RT90-RHB70	-76.41	159.5900	28.1600	-10.5800
657.00	6365970.35	1547639.82	617.80	RT90-RHB70	-76.41	160.2600	28.3700	-10.6900
660.00	6365969.79	1547639.40	620.72	RT90-RHB70	-76.41	160.9300	28.5900	-10.8000
663.00	6365969.23	1547638.98	623.64	RT90-RHB70	-76.41	161.6000	28.8000	-10.9100
666.00	6365968.66	1547638.55	626.55	RT90-RHB70	-76.40	162.2700	29.0200	-11.0200
669.00	6365968.10	1547638.12	629.47	RT90-RHB70	-76.40	162.9400	29.2400	-11.1300
672.00	6365967.54	1547637.69	632.38	RT90-RHB70	-76.42	163.6100	29.4700	-11.2400
675.00	6365966.99	1547637.26	635.30	RT90-RHB70	-76.45	164.2800	29.6900	-11.3600
678.00	6365966.43	1547636.82	638.22	RT90-RHB70	-76.45	164.9400	29.9200	-11.4700
681.00	6365965.88	1547636.39	641.13	RT90-RHB70	-76.46	165.6000	30.1600	-11.5900
684.00	6365965.33	1547635.95	644.05	RT90-RHB70	-76.48	166.2700	30.3900	-11.7100
687.00	6365964.79	1547635.51	646.97	RT90-RHB70	-76.48	166.9300	30.6300	-11.8300
690.00	6365964.24	1547635.07	649.88	RT90-RHB70	-76.48	167.5800	30.8700	-11.9500
693.00	6365963.70	1547634.62	652.80	RT90-RHB70	-76.50	168.2400	31.1100	-12.0800
696.00	6365963.16	1547634.18	655.72	RT90-RHB70	-76.50	168.9000	31.3600	-12.2000
699.00	6365962.62	1547633.73	658.63	RT90-RHB70	-76.49	169.5500	31.6100	-12.3300
702.00	6365962.09	1547633.28	661.55	RT90-RHB70	-76.49	170.2100	31.8600	-12.4600
705.00	6365961.56	1547632.82	664.47	RT90-RHB70	-76.51	170.8600	32.1200	-12.5900
708.00	6365961.03	1547632.36	667.38	RT90-RHB70	-76.54	171.5100	32.3800	-12.7200
711.00	6365960.50	1547631.90	670.30	RT90-RHB70	-76.53	172.1500	32.6400	-12.8500
714.00	6365959.98	1547631.44	673.22	RT90-RHB70	-76.56	172.8000	32.9100	-12.9900
717.00	6365959.46	1547630.97	676.14	RT90-RHB70	-76.59	173.4400	33.1800	-13.1300
720.00	6365958.95	1547630.50	679.06	RT90-RHB70	-76.61	174.0800	33.4600	-13.2700
723.00	6365958.44	1547630.03	681.97	RT90-RHB70	-76.63	174.7200	33.7300	-13.4100
726.00	6365957.93	1547629.56	684.89	RT90-RHB70	-76.65	175.3500	34.0100	-13.5600
729.00	6365957.42	1547629.09	687.81	RT90-RHB70	-76.64	175.9900	34.2900	-13.7000
732.00	6365956.92	1547628.62	690.73	RT90-RHB70	-76.64	176.6200	34.5800	-13.8500
735.00	6365956.41	1547628.14	693.65	RT90-RHB70	-76.62	177.2500	34.8600	-14.0000
738.00	6365955.91	1547627.66	696.57	RT90-RHB70	-76.63	177.8800	35.1500	-14.1500
741.00	6365955.41	1547627.18	699.49	RT90-RHB70	-76.66	178.5100	35.4400	-14.3000
744.00	6365954.91	1547626.70	702.41	RT90-RHB70	-76.67	179.1400	35.7300	-14.4500
747.00	6365954.41	1547626.22	705.33	RT90-RHB70	-76.69	179.7700	36.0200	-14.6100
750.00	6365953.92	1547625.74	708.24	RT90-RHB70	-76.70	180.3900	36.3200	-14.7600

753.00	6365953.43	1547625.25	711.16	-76.68	181.0100	36.6200	-14.9200
756.00	6365952.94	1547624.76	714.08	-76.68	225.33	181.6300	36.9200
759.00	6365952.45	1547624.27	717.00	-76.68	225.65	182.2500	37.2300
762.00	6365951.97	1547623.78	719.92	-76.72	225.94	182.8700	37.5400
765.00	6365951.49	1547623.28	722.84	-76.72	226.26	183.4900	37.8500
768.00	6365951.01	1547622.78	725.76	-76.73	226.50	184.1000	38.1700
771.00	6365950.54	1547622.28	728.68	-76.72	226.71	184.7100	38.4800
774.00	6365950.07	1547621.78	731.60	-76.70	226.97	185.3200	38.8000
777.00	6365949.60	1547621.28	734.52	-76.67	227.22	185.9300	39.1300
780.00	6365949.13	1547620.77	737.44	-76.65	227.43	186.5400	39.4500
783.00	6365948.66	1547620.26	740.36	-76.65	227.65	187.1500	39.7800
786.00	6365948.19	1547619.75	743.28	-76.66	227.91	187.7600	40.1100
789.00	6365947.73	1547619.23	746.20	-76.68	228.13	188.3600	40.4500
792.00	6365947.27	1547618.72	749.12	-76.68	228.31	188.9700	40.7900
795.00	6365946.81	1547618.20	752.04	-76.69	228.51	189.5700	41.1200
798.00	6365946.35	1547617.69	754.96	-76.71	228.71	190.1700	41.4600
801.00	6365945.89	1547617.17	757.87	-76.72	228.91	190.7700	41.8000
804.00	6365945.44	1547616.65	760.79	-76.73	229.18	191.3700	42.1500
807.00	6365944.99	1547616.13	763.71	-76.75	229.39	191.9600	42.4900
810.00	6365944.54	1547615.61	766.63	-76.77	229.59	192.5600	42.8400
813.00	6365944.10	1547615.08	769.56	-76.77	229.81	193.1500	43.1900
816.00	6365943.66	1547614.56	772.48	-76.79	230.09	193.7400	43.5400
819.00	6365943.22	1547614.03	775.40	-76.80	230.37	194.3200	43.8900
822.00	6365942.78	1547613.51	778.32	-76.82	230.63	194.9100	44.2500
825.00	6365942.35	1547612.98	781.24	-76.83	230.94	195.4900	44.6100
828.00	6365941.91	1547612.45	784.16	-76.84	231.23	196.0700	44.9700
831.00	6365941.49	1547611.91	787.08	-76.87	231.42	196.6500	45.3300
834.00	6365941.06	1547611.38	790.00	-76.88	231.67	197.2300	45.7000
837.00	6365940.64	1547610.85	792.92	-76.89	231.98	197.8000	46.0700
840.00	6365940.22	1547610.31	795.85	-76.90	232.27	198.3700	46.4400
843.00	6365939.80	1547609.77	798.77	-76.91	232.51	198.9400	46.8100
846.00	6365939.39	1547609.23	801.69	-76.92	232.76	199.5100	47.1800
849.00	6365938.98	1547608.69	804.61	-76.92	233.04	200.0700	47.5600
852.00	6365938.57	1547608.15	807.53	-76.92	233.31	200.6300	47.9400
855.00	6365938.17	1547607.61	810.46	-76.92	233.55	201.2000	48.3200
858.00	6365937.76	1547607.06	813.38	-76.93	233.78	201.7500	48.7100
861.00	6365937.36	1547606.51	816.30	-76.93	234.07	202.3100	49.0900
864.00	6365936.96	1547605.96	819.22	-76.94	234.29	202.8700	49.4800
867.00	6365936.57	1547605.41	822.14	-76.95	234.45	203.4200	49.8700
870.00	6365936.17	1547604.86	825.07	-76.96	234.68	203.9700	50.2700
873.00	6365935.78	1547604.31	827.99	-76.96	234.81	204.5200	50.6600
876.00	6365935.39	1547603.76	830.91	-76.95	234.81	205.0700	51.0600
879.00	6365935.00	1547603.20	833.84	-76.95	234.92	205.6200	51.4500

882.00	6365934.61	1547602.65	836.76	RT90-RHB70	-76.97	235.10	206.1700	51.8500	-23.2800
885.00	6365934.23	1547602.09	839.68	RT90-RHB70	-76.99	235.30	206.7200	52.2500	-23.5100
888.00	6365933.84	1547601.54	842.60	RT90-RHB70	-77.01	235.48	207.2600	52.6500	-23.7500
891.00	6365933.46	1547600.98	845.53	RT90-RHB70	-77.02	235.71	207.8100	53.0500	-23.9800
894.00	6365933.08	1547600.43	848.45	RT90-RHB70	-77.04	235.88	208.3500	53.4500	-24.2200
897.00	6365932.70	1547599.87	851.37	RT90-RHB70	-77.05	236.12	208.8800	53.8500	-24.4600
900.00	6365932.33	1547599.31	854.30	RT90-RHB70	-77.05	236.53	209.4200	54.2600	-24.7100
903.00	6365931.96	1547598.75	857.22	RT90-RHB70	-77.02	236.94	209.9500	54.6700	-24.9500
906.00	6365931.59	1547598.18	860.14	RT90-RHB70	-77.00	237.35	210.4900	55.0800	-25.2000
909.00	6365931.22	1547597.62	863.07	RT90-RHB70	-76.98	237.63	211.0200	55.5000	-25.4500
912.00	6365930.86	1547597.05	865.99	RT90-RHB70	-76.99	237.91	211.5400	55.9200	-25.7000
915.00	6365930.50	1547596.47	868.91	RT90-RHB70	-76.99	238.25	212.0700	56.3500	-25.9500
918.00	6365930.15	1547595.90	871.84	RT90-RHB70	-76.96	238.49	212.5900	56.7700	-26.2000
921.00	6365929.80	1547595.32	874.76	RT90-RHB70	-76.94	238.73	213.1200	57.2000	-26.4600
924.00	6365929.44	1547594.74	877.68	RT90-RHB70	-76.95	238.99	213.6400	57.6400	-26.7100
927.00	6365929.09	1547594.16	880.60	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	239.26	214.1600	58.0700	-26.9700
930.00	6365928.75	1547593.58	883.53	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	239.54	214.6700	58.5100	-27.2300
933.00	6365928.40	1547592.99	886.45	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	239.75	215.1900	58.9500	-27.4900
936.00	6365928.06	1547592.41	889.37	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	240.03	215.7000	59.3900	-27.7600
939.00	6365927.72	1547591.82	892.29	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	240.39	216.2200	59.8400	-28.0200
942.00	6365927.39	1547591.23	895.22	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	240.61	216.7300	60.2800	-28.2900
945.00	6365927.05	1547590.64	898.14	RT90-RHB70	-76.92	240.88	217.2300	60.7400	-28.5600
948.00	6365926.72	1547590.05	901.06	RT90-RHB70	-76.92	241.12	217.7400	61.1900	-28.8300
951.00	6365926.40	1547589.45	903.98	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	241.37	218.2400	61.6400	-29.1000
954.00	6365926.07	1547588.86	906.90	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	241.78	218.7400	62.1000	-29.3800
957.00	6365925.75	1547588.26	909.83	RT90-RHB70	-76.91	242.06	219.2400	62.5600	-29.6600
960.00	6365925.43	1547587.66	912.75	RT90-RHB70	-76.91	242.33	219.7400	63.0200	-29.9400
963.00	6365925.12	1547587.06	915.67	RT90-RHB70	-76.91	242.61	220.2300	63.4900	-30.2200
966.00	6365924.80	1547586.45	918.59	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	242.91	220.7300	63.9600	-30.5100
969.00	6365924.50	1547585.85	921.51	RT90-RHB70	-76.93	243.25	221.2200	64.4300	-30.7900
972.00	6365924.19	1547585.24	924.44	RT90-RHB70	-76.92	243.55	221.7000	64.9000	-31.0800
975.00	6365923.89	1547584.64	927.36	RT90-RHB70	-76.92	243.88	222.1900	65.3800	-31.3800
978.00	6365923.59	1547584.03	930.28	RT90-RHB70	-76.92	244.15	222.6700	65.8600	-31.6700
981.00	6365923.29	1547583.42	933.20	RT90-RHB70	-76.91	244.38	223.1500	66.3400	-31.9700
984.00	6365923.00	1547582.80	936.13	RT90-RHB70	-76.89	244.64	223.6200	66.8200	-32.2700
987.00	6365922.71	1547582.19	939.05	RT90-RHB70	-76.88	244.85	224.1000	67.3100	-32.5700
993.00	6365922.13	1547580.95	944.89	RT90-RHB70	-76.85	245.23	225.0500	68.2900	-33.1700

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## Appendix 8

### In-data: Reference marks for length adjustments for KLX03 Reference Mark T - Reference mark in drillhole

**KLX03, 2004-09-11 - 2004-09-14 (110.000 - 950.000 m)**

Bhlen	Rotation Speed (rpm)	Start Flow (l/min)	Stop Flow (l/min)	Stop Pressure (bar)	Cutter Time (s)	Trace Detectable	Cutter Diameter Comment (mm)	Comment
110.00	400.00	200	1000	48.0	185		JA	
150.00	400.00	220	1000	46.0	149		JA	
200.00	400.00	210	1000	49.0	140		JA	
250.00	400.00	200	1000		220		JA	Inget tryckfall
300.00	400.00	200	1000	50.0	356		JA	
350.00	400.00	200	1000	51.0	430		JA	
399.00	400.00	300	1000	45.0	232		JA	
400.00	400.00	200	1000		425		JA	Inget tryckfall
450.00	400.00	340	1000	47.0	311		JA	
500.00	400.00	380	1000	50.0	390		JA	
550.00	400.00	380	1000	50.0	666		JA	
600.00	400.00	380	1000	50.0	727		JA	Inget tryckfall
650.00	400.00	240	1000	32.0	120		JA	
700.00	400.00	240	1000	36.0	100		JA	
750.00	400.00	240	1000	36.0	80		JA	
800.00	400.00	240	1000	36.0	90		JA	
850.00	400.00	260	1000	38.0	120		JA	
900.00	400.00	280	1000	32.0			JA	(150) Ingen säker indikation tryckfall
950.00	400.00	240	1000	32.0			JA	(150) Ingen indikation tryckfall

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